

Technical Specification: SUB-STATION AUTOMATION SYSTEM

15.1 GENERAL

The substation automation system shall be offered from a manufacturer who must have designed, manufactured, tested, installed and commissioned substation automation system ***which must be in satisfactory operation for at least 3 (three) years as on the date of bid opening.*** KEMA/ Internationally and nationally accredited certificate for all IEDs and Ethernet switches conforming to IEC 61850 is to be furnished as qualification requirement. In addition, the bidder shall comply with the eligibility criteria as specified in clause 2.4 of Bid document.

Standards

Environment Standards

All these standards are applicable to elements like HMI, Ethernet network and elements, Gateways, IEDs.

Type Test Name	Type Test Standard	Conditions
Insulation Resistance	IEC 60255-5	100 MΩ at 500 Vdc (CM & DM)
Dielectric Withstand	IEC60255-5 IEEE C37.90	50 Hz, 1mn, 2kV (CM), 1kV (DM)
		50 Hz, 1mn, 1kV (CM)
		G 1.4 & 1.5 500V CM G 6 :1,5 kV CM
High Voltage Impulse Test	IEC 60255-5	5kV (CM), 3kV (DM)
		2kV (CM)
		Groups 1 to 6 :5 kV CM & 3 kV DM(1)
		Not on 1.4 & 1.5 : 5 kV CM & 3 kV DM(1)
Free Fall Test Free Fall Packaging Test	IEC 60068-2-31 IEC 60068-2-32	Test Ec : 2 falls from 5cm Test Ed : 2 falls from 0,5m
		2 falls of 5 cm (Computer not powered)
		25 falls of 50 cm (1) (2) (Packaging computer)
Vibration Response – Powered On	IEC 60255-21-1	Class 2 : 1g from 2 to 150Hz
		Classe 2 : Acceleration : 1g from 10 (1) to 150Hz
Vibration Response – Not Powered On	IEC 60255-21-1	Class 2 : 2g from 2 to 500Hz
		Classe 2 : Acceleration : 2g from 10 (1) to 500Hz
	IEC 80068-2-6	Class 2 : 1g from 10 to 150Hz

Type Test Name	Type Test Standard	Conditions
Vibration Endurance – Not Powered On		Class 2 : Acceleration : 1g from 10 (1) to 500Hz
Shocks – Not Powered On	IEC 60255-21-2	Class 1 : 15g, 11 ms
Shocks – Powered On	IEC 60255-21-2	Class 2 : 10g, 11 ms
Bump Test – Not Powered On	IEC 60255-21-2	Class 1 : 10g, 16ms, 2000/axis
Seismic Test – Powered On	IEC 60255-21-3	Class 1 : Axis H : 3,5mm – 2g Axis V : 3,5mm – 1g
		Classe 2 : Acceleration : 2g Displacement : 7,5mm selon axe H Acceleration : 1g Displacement : 3,5mm selon axe V
Damp Heat Test - Operating	IEC 60068-2-3	Test Ca : +40°C / 10 days / 93% RH
Cold Test - Operating	IEC 60068-2-1	Test Ab : -10°C / 96h
		Test Ab : - 25°C / 96 H
Cold Test - Storage	IEC60068-2-1	Test Ad : -40°C / 96h Powered On at –25°C (for information) Powered On at –40°C (for information)
Dry Heat Test – Operating	IEC 60068-2-2	Test Bd : 55°C / 96h
		70°C / 2h
		70°C / 24 H
Dry Heat Test – Storage	IEC 60068-2-1	Test Bd : +70°C / 96h Powered On at +70°C
Enclosure Protection	IEC 60529	Front : IP=52 Rear : IP=30
Inrush current (start-up)		T < 1,5 ms / I < 20 A T < 150 ms / I < 10 A T > 500 ms / I < 1,2 In

Type Test Name	Type Test Standard	Conditions
Supply variation	IEC 60255-6	Vn +/- 20% Vn+30% & Vn-25% for information
Overvoltage (peak withstand)	IEC 60255-6	1,32 Vn max 2 Vn during 10 ms (for information)
Supply interruption	IEC 60255-11	From 2,5 ms to 1 s at 0,8 Vn 50 ms at Vn, no malfunction (for information)
40 s interruption	IEC 60255-11	
Ripple (frequency fluctuations)	IEC 60255-11	12% Vn at f=100Hz or 120Hz 12% Vn at f=200Hz for information
Supply variations	IEC 60255-6	Vn +/- 20%
AC Voltage dips & short interruptions	EN 61000-4-11	2ms to 20ms & 50ms to 1s 50 ms at Vn, no malfunction (for information)
Frequency fluctuations	IEC 60255-6	50 Hz : from 47 to 54 Hz 60 Hz : from 57 to 63 Hz
Voltage withstand		2 Vn during 10 ms (for information)
High Frequency Disturbance	IEC 60255-22-1 IEC 61000-4-12 IEEE C37.90.1	Class 3 : 2.5kV (CM) / 1kV (DM)
		Class 2 : 1kV (CM)
Electrostatic discharge	IEC 60255-22-2 IEC 61000-4-2	Class 4 : 8kV contact / 15 kV air
Radiated Immunity	IEC 60255-22-3 IEC 61000-4-3	Class 3 : 10 V/m – 80 to 1000 MHz & spot tests
	IEEE C37.90.2	35 V/m – 25 to 1000 MHz
Fast Transient Burst	IEC 60255-22-4 IEC 61000-4-4 IEEE C37.90.1	Class 4 : 4kV – 2.5kHz (CM & DM)
		Class 3 2 kV - 2,5 kHz MC
		Class 3 : 2kV – 5kHz (CM)
Surge immunity	IEC 61000-4-5	Class 4 : 4kV (CM) – 2kV (DM)

Type Test Name	Type Test Standard	Conditions
		Class 3: 2kV (CM) on shield
		Class 4: 4kV (CM) for information
		Class 3: 1 kV MC
High frequency conducted immunity	IEC 61000-4-6	Class 3: 10 V, 0.15 – 80 MHz
Harmonics Immunity	IEC 61000-4-7	5% & 10% de H2 à H17
Power Frequency Magnetic Field Immunity	IEC 61000-4-8	Class 4: 50 Hz – 30 A/m permanent – 300 A/m short time
		Class 5: 100A/m for 1mn 1000A/m for 3s
Power Frequency	IEC 61000-4-16	CM 500 V / DM 250 V via 0.1 μ F
Conducted emission	EN 55022	Gr. I, class A and B: from 0.15 to 30 MHz
Radiated emission	EN 55022	Gr. I, class A and B: from 30 to 1000 MHz, 10m

Communication Standards

UCA2:

CASM 1.6 - Common Application Service Models and Mapping to MMS

GOMSFE 0.91 - Generic Object Models for Substation & Feeder Equipment

IEC 61850:

IEC 61850-8-1: *Communication networks and systems in substations – Part 8-1: Specific communication service mapping (SCSM) – Mapping to MMS (ISO/IEC 9506 Part 1 and Part 2*

Telecontrol protocol:

IEC 608670-5-101

IEC 608670-5-104.

Legacy protection protocol

IEC 60870-5-103 *International standards – First release 1997-12*

MODBUS

Automation Standard

IEC 61131-3

The Substation Automation System (SAS) shall be installed, tested and commissioned to control and monitor all the sub-station equipment from remote control center (SCADA) as well as from local SCADA.

The SAS shall contain the following main functional parts:

- **The SAS should be able to run in Hot-Hot mode and Hot-Standby mode. (BOTH MACHINES SHOULD HAVE "HOT/MAIN SERVER" MODES IN THE LICENSE.**
- **SNMP license should be present in the SCADA. Dynamic SLD provision should be included in the SCADA license.**
- **The SAS system should have minimum 5,000 tags/data points, including minimum 2,000 archive tags, supporting IEC 61850 Edition 1 and Edition 2, along with all necessary software licenses, communication drivers, engineering/configuration tools and associated software required for complete monitoring, control, alarm/event management, trending, reporting and historical data management of the substation.**
- **The architecture of the offered SAS shall be as per the existing SAS architecture at 132KV Kamakhya GIS and 132KV Matia GSS (Single LAN with Ring and Tree Topology)**
- **All existing IEDs shall be used and to be integrated in the offered SAS.**
- **The SCADA provider shall be responsible for carrying out all additional IEC 61850 engineering, configuration and integration works, wherever required, for seamless integration of the existing protection relays, BCUs and other IEC 61850-enabled IEDs/panels with the new SCADA system. This shall include, but not be limited to, modification/creation of Report Control Blocks (RCBs), report configuration, data mapping, signal engineering and testing required for proper acquisition and reporting of all required data to the new SCADA. Any such additional engineering, configuration and associated software/licensing requirements shall be deemed included in the scope of the SCADA provider and shall not constitute an extra claim.**
- **The upgraded version of SAS should be compatible with existing IEDs / relays. The OEMs / Third party Vendor should be able to integrate the existing IEDs / Relays with the new / upgraded SAS version**
- **The HMI(Main) of the new/Upgraded SAS should work as independent and should take data directly from the existing IEDs on IEC 61850.**
- **The process of implementation of a new/upgraded Substation Automation System should be in line with the prevailing international standard. The SCADA provided by the OEMs / Third party independent vendors must have independent database to record various metering and other important data.**
- **LDC Reporting: Reporting to LDC shall be through either a Hardware-based RTU or a Software-based Gateway system, as proposed by the bidder.**
- **Hardware-based RTU: In case of a hardware-based RTU, provision of a separate computer/server shall not be required.**
- **Software-based Gateway: In case of a software-based Gateway, a computer/server with minimum 32 GB RAM and Windows 11 Pro (latest edition) or Windows Server latest edition shall be provided.**
- **Gateway Licensing: The Gateway shall be licensed for not less than the total number of SCADA license tags supplied under the project.**
- **Multiple Master Connectivity: The Gateway/RTU shall be capable of reporting simultaneously to at least 4 Nos. of Master Stations using IEC 60870-5-101 and/or IEC 60870-5-104 protocols.**
- **Communication Ports: Adequate LAN/Ethernet and Serial communication ports shall be provided to support simultaneous communication with the required Master Stations and field devices.**

- Data Acquisition: The Gateway/RTU shall be capable of acquiring/receiving data through IEC 61850 and MODBUS communication protocols.
- Protocol Support: All necessary hardware, software, communication interfaces and licenses required for seamless data acquisition and simultaneous reporting to LDC shall be in the scope of supply.
- Bay control Intelligence Electronic Devices (IEDs) for Control and Monitoring.
- Bay Protection Intelligent Electronic device (IEDs) for Protection as detailed in previous chapter
- Metering server (Industrial Grade) and protocol converter.
- Station Main & Hot Standby Redundant Human Machine Interface (HMI)
- Redundant managed switched Ethernet Local Area Network communication infrastructure with hot standby.
- The managed Ethernet switch shall have sufficient port redundancy (Both Fibre & Copper ports).
- The IED shall have two fiber optic ports for connecting Ethernet Switch of each LAN i.e. (architecture).
- Integrated Switches (built-in bay IEDs) are not acceptable. All the IEDs shall be directly connected to the Ethernet Interbay LAN without the use of any gateways.
- Gateway for remote control via industrial grade hardware (to SLDC) through IEC60870-5-101 & 104 protocol. All the IEDs shall be directly connected to the Ethernet PRP LAN without use of any gateways.
- The communication protocol between the bays, with the Gateway and HMI shall be UCA2/IEC 61850 in order to permit 100 Mbps peer-to-peer communications.
- Within a bay it shall be UCA2/IEC 61850 protocol.
- All IEDs shall have redundant power card.
- Gateway for Control from Remote end and State Load Dispatch Center (SLDC). The gateway should be able to communicate with SLDC on IEC 60870-5-101 & 104 protocol. The specific protocol to be implemented shall be handed over to successful bidder. It shall be the bidder's responsibility to integrate his offered system with existing SLDC system for exchange of desired data. The bidder shall ensure that proposed automation system is compatible with the existing SCADA network. Equipment required for data transfer to the existing SCADA network to interface communication equipment is in the bidder's scope of work and it will be included in the bid price.
- Gateway shall also have redundancy and redundant Gateway shall not be housed in a single cabinet. The Gateway shall also have sufficient future expandability and this shall include data **for all future provision bays as per Project Requirement**. The Gateways shall have redundant power cards.
- The communication link (PLCC / Fiber Optic) to SLDC is not in the scope of the bidder. However, the bidder will provide required modem both for PLCC and Fibre Optic communications to the nearest Wide Band Locations of STU/CTU which are connected to SLDC. It shall be the bidder's responsibility to integrate the offered system for desired exchange of telemetry data to SLDC.
- Redundant Local HMI & DR Work Station.
- Peripheral equipment like printers, display units, key boards, Mouse etc. 3.4.1.5. It shall enable local station control via a PC by means of human machine interface (HMI) and control software package, which shall contain an extensive range of supervisory control and data acquisition (SCADA) functions.
- Gateway IEDs shall have redundant power card.
- Gateway shall also have 100% redundancy for it's all functions like power, AI & BI/BO card etc. The Gateway shall also have sufficient future expandability and this shall

include **data for all future provision bays as per Project Requirement**. The Gateways shall have redundant power cards

- License of 15 years for the commissioned Sub Station Automation System (SAS) shall be provided.
- **Vulnerability Audit and Penetration Testing by CERT-In empanelled firm: After successful commissioning of SAS, the successful Bidder shall do cyber-Audit of the system by a CERT-In empanelled Cyber Security Auditor (to be approved by AEGCL). For that the company shall do Vulnerability assessment and Penetration testing of the SAS system and submit the report to AEGCL. The company shall fix any vulnerabilities found during the VA/PT.**

It shall include communication gateway, intelligent electronic devices (IED) for bay control and inter IED communication infrastructure. **A model architecture drawing for SAS is enclosed at the end of this chapter as Annexure.**

Bay level intelligent electronic devices (IED) for protection and control and the Managed Ethernet Switch shall be provided in the C&R panels installed in the local control room. Each IED will be directly connected to the Hot-standby Server PC (HMI) of the Station Automation System through a PRP Ethernet LAN on fiber optic medium and shall communicate as per the IEC61850 standard.

The communication gateway shall facilitate the information flow with SLDC/Remote Control Centre.

The bay level intelligent electronic devices (IED) for protection and control shall provide the direct connection to the switchgear without the need of interposing components and perform control, protection, and monitoring functions.

The Integration of IEC61850 communication-based monitoring equipment like Online Insulating Oil drying system, Digital RTCC Relays etc with substation automation system shall be carried out and shall be included in the scope of work.

Further the Gateways shall have licenses sufficient for all the bays covered in the present scope as well as all the mentioned future bays.

All the numerical IEDs must be fully IEC 61850 compliant and must have the following features.

- Have peer-to-peer communication using GOOSE messages (IEC 61850) for interlocking.
- Should be interoperable with third party IEC 61850 compliant devices
- Should generate XML file for integration/engineering with vendor independent SCADA systems.
- **Should be directly connected to the inter bay bus on IEC 61850 without the use of any gateways.** Connections of bay protection IEDs to the IEC 61850 bus through the bay control units is not acceptable.

15.2. SYSTEM DESIGN

General System Design

- The Substation Automation System (SAS) shall be suitable for operation and monitoring of the complete substation including **all future extensions as per Project Requirement**.
- The systems shall be of the state-of-the art architecture and shall be suitable for operation under electrical environment present in Extra high voltage substations, follow the latest engineering practice, ensure long-term compatibility requirements and continuity of equipment supply and the safety of the operating staff.
- The offered SAS shall support remote control and monitoring from remote SCADA via gateways.
- The system shall be designed such that personnel without any background knowledge in Microprocessor-based technology are able to operate the system. The operator interface shall be intuitive such that operating personnel shall be able to operate the system easily after having received some basic training.
- The system shall incorporate the control, monitoring and protection functions specified, self-monitoring, signaling and testing facilities, measuring as well as memory functions, event recording and evaluation of disturbance records.
- Maintenance, modification or extension of components may not cause a shutdown of the whole substation automation system. Self-monitoring of components, modules and communication shall be incorporated to increase the availability and the reliability of the equipment and minimize maintenance.
- **Bidder shall offer the Bay level unit (a bay comprises of one circuit breaker and associated isolator, earth switches and instrument transformer), bay mimic along with relay and protection panels and Station HMI in Control Room building for overall optimization.**

15.3. Ethernet Switches

Ethernet switches that fulfill the hardened requirements concerning temperature, power supply (80-250 V DC from the Station Battery) **and complying to IEC 61850** suitable to be installed in substations shall be provided, i.e. the same data as common for numerical protection. **The Managed Ethernet Switch shall have dual Power supply provision.** The use of Ethernet Hubs is not permitted as they do not provide collision free transmission. Suitable port monitoring software shall be provided for monitoring of ports healthiness and should generate alarm in SAS.

15.4. SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE

- The SAS shall be based on a PRP architecture and on a concept of bay-oriented, distributed intelligence.
- The main process information of the station shall be stored in distributed databases. The typical SAS architecture shall be structured in two levels, i.e. in a station and a bay level.
- At bay level, the IEDs shall provide all bay level functions regarding control, monitoring and protection, inputs for status indication and outputs for commands. The IEDs should be directly connected to the switchgear without any need for additional interposition or transducers. But incase of Circuit Breaker SF6 Gas Pressure, Operating Mechanism Pressure (i.e. Air/ Pneumatic, Hydraulic and Nitrogen Pressures), if SF6 CTs are Utilizing the Pressure of SF6 Gas, Transformer Oil/ Winding temperatures, fire fighting or any Other with Transformer management Relay and OLTC Tap Position & Operation can be interfaced with BCU or any Other device interface through Transducers. The tap changing operation, synchronization of sources and trip transfer operation shall be performed through the BCU in addition to above. These parameters shall appear in Substation Automation System at Local HMI.

In GIS Sub Stations, all the gas tight chambers are required to be monitored individually phase wise for their SF6 gas density status by the bay control unit in a bay. Sufficient numbers of inputs are required to be provided in the BCU for the all the signals from the GIS Bays. In case there is any limitation of number of inputs in the BCU, additional BCUs or additional Cards (In case of Modular BCU) are required to be provided without any cost implication to AEGCL. These inputs shall be used for necessary monitoring, control and protection purpose.

The Sub-station Automation system being offered shall generally conform to provision of IEC 62351 (and parts thereof), IEC 62443 (and parts thereof), IEEE 1686 and NERC CIP (applicable part such as CIP 003, CIP-005, and CIP-007) for cyber security

- *Tagging for Report generation shall be provided for sufficient number of signals for incorporation of all present and future bays, including 20% spare. The Archive Tags shall be minimum 1/3rd of the total tags being offered in the project.*
- Each bay control IED shall be independent from each other and its functioning shall not be affected by any fault occurring in any of the other bay control units of the station.
- The data exchange between the electronic devices on bay and station level shall take place via the communication infrastructure. This shall be realized using fiber optic cables, thereby guaranteeing disturbance free communication. Data exchange is to be realized using IEC 61850 protocol with a redundant managed switched Ethernet communication infrastructure.
- The communication shall be in parallel mode, and such that failure of one set of fiber shall not affect the normal operation of the SAS. However, it shall be alarmed in SAS. Each fiber optic cable shall have four (4) spare fibers. IED shall have two fibre ports and one port shall be connected to individual Ethernet Switch of each LAN.
- At station level, the entire station shall be controlled and supervised from the station HMI. It shall also be possible to control and monitor the bay from the bay level equipment at all times.
- Clear control priorities shall prevent operation of a single switch at the same time from more than one of the various control levels, i.e. RCC, station HMI, bay level or apparatus level. **The priority shall always be on the lowest enabled control level.**
- The station level contains the station-oriented functions, which cannot be realized at bay level, e.g. alarm list or event list related to the entire substation, gateway for the communication with remote control centers.
- The GPS time synchronizing signal for the synchronization of the entire system with redundancy shall be provided.
- The SAS shall contain the functional parts as described in para above.

15.5. FUNCTIONAL REQUIREMENTS

The high-voltage apparatus within the station shall be operated from different places:

- ✓ Remote control centers/SLDC
- ✓ Station HMI.
- ✓ Local Bay controller IED

Operation shall be possible by only one operator at a time.

The operation shall depend on the conditions of other functions, such as interlocking, synchro check etc.

Select-before-Execute

For security reasons the command is always to be given in two stages: selection of the object and command for operation under all mode of operation except emergency operation. Final execution shall take place only when selection and command are actuated.

Command Supervision

Bay/station interlocking and blocking

Software Interlocking is to be provided to ensure that inadvertent incorrect operation of switchgear causing damage and accidents in case of false operation does not take place.

It shall be a simple layout, easy to test and simple to handle when upgrading the station with future bays. For software interlocking the bidder shall describe the scenario while an IED of another bay is switched off or fails.

A software interlock override function shall be provided which can be enabled to bypass the interlocking function.

Run Time Command Cancellation

Command execution timer (configurable) must be available for each control level connection. If the control action is not completed within a specified time, the command should get cancelled.

Self-supervision

Continuous self-supervision function with self-diagnostic feature shall be included.

User Configuration

The monitoring, controlling and configuration of all input and output logical signals and binary inputs and relay outputs for all built-in functions and signals shall be possible both locally and remotely.

It shall also be possible to interconnect and derive input and output signals, logic functions, using built-In functions, complex voltage and currents, additional logics (AND-gates, OR gates and timers). (Multi-activation of these additional functions should be possible).

The Functional requirement shall be divided into following levels:

- a). Bay (a bay comprises of one circuit breaker and associated disconnector, earth switches and instrument transformer) Level Functions
- b). System Level Functions

15.6. BAY LEVEL FUNCTIONS

In a decentralized architecture the functionality shall be as close to the process as possible. In this respect, the following functions can be allocated at bay level:

- Bay control functions **including data collection in bay control / protection unit.**
- Bay protection functions with support of Numerical Relays defined in CRP Section.

15.7. Bay Control Functions

Overview

Functions:

- Control mode selection
- Select-before-execute principle
- Command supervision:
 - ✓ Interlocking and blocking
 - ✓ Double command
- Synchro-check, voltage selection
- Run Time Command cancellation

- Transformer Tap Changer control (raise / lower tap) (for Power Transformer bays)
- Operation counters for Circuit Breakers and Pumps.
- Transformer cooling gear, pump control and runtime supervision
- Operating pressure Monitoring & supervision (CB SF6 Gas Pressure, CB Operating Pneumatic Pressure / spring status).
- Display of interlocking and blocking
- Breaker position indication (per phase for single pole)
- Alarm annunciation
- Measurement display. (Electrical Parameters & Transformer Parameters)
- Local HMI (local guided, emergency mode)
- Interface to the station HMI.
- Data storage for at least 500 events
- Extension possibilities with additional I/O's inside the unit or via fiber optic communication and process bus

Control mode selection

Bay level Operation:

As soon as the operator receives the operation access at bay level the operation is normally performed via bay control IED. During normal operation bay control unit allows the safe operation of all switching devices via the bay control IED.

EMERGENCY Operation

It shall be possible to close or open the selected Circuit Breaker with ON or OFF push buttons even during the outage of bay IED.

REMOTE mode

Control authority in this mode is given to a higher level (Remote SCADA) and the installation can be controlled only remotely. Control operation from lower levels shall not be possible in this operating mode.

Synchronism and energizing check

The synchronism and energizing check functions shall be bay-oriented and distributed to the bay control and/or protection devices. These features are:

- Settable voltage, phase angle, and frequency difference.
- Energizing for dead line - live bus, live line - dead bus or dead line – dead bus with no synchro-check function.
- Synchronizing between live line and live bus with synchro-check function

Voltage selection

The voltages relevant for the Synchro-check functions are dependent on the station topology, i.e. on the positions of the circuit breakers and/or the isolators. The correct voltage for synchronizing and energizing is derived from the auxiliary switches of the circuit breakers, the isolator, and earthing switch and shall be selected automatically by the bay control and protection IEDs.

Transformer Tap Changer control

Raise and lower operation of OLTC taps of Transformer shall be facilitated through Bay controller IED.

Protection Transfer Control

From BCU, necessary control shall be provided for transferring bay to TBC.

15.8. Bay Protection Functions

General

The Protection functions are independent of Bay Control function. The Protection shall be provided by separate Protection IEDs (numerical relays) and other Protection devices as per section Relay & Protection.

IEDs shall be connected to the communication infrastructure for data sharing and meet the real-time communication requirements for automatic functions. The data presentation and the configuration of the various IEDs shall be compatible with the overall system communication and data exchange requirements.

Event and disturbance recording function

Each IED should contain an event recorder capable of storing at least 200 time-tagged events. This shall give alarm if 70% memory is full. The disturbance recorder function shall be as detailed in section C&R.

Bay Monitoring Functions

Analogue inputs for voltage and current measurements shall be connected directly to the voltage transformers (VT) and the current transformers (CT) without intermediate transducers. The values of active power (W), reactive power (VAR), frequency (Hz), and the rms values for voltage (U) and current (I) shall be calculated in the Bay control/protection unit.

15.9. SYSTEM LEVEL FUNCTIONS

Status Supervision

- Continuous monitoring of switching objects i.e. the position of each switchgear, e.g. Circuit Breaker, Isolator, Earthing Switch, Transformer tap changer etc., shall be supervised continuously. Every detected change of position shall be immediately displayed in the single-line diagram on the station
- HMI screen, recorded in the event list, and a hard copy printout shall be produced. Alarms shall be initiated in the case of spontaneous position changes.
- The switchgear positions shall be indicated by two auxiliary switches, normally closed (NC) and normally open (NO), which shall give ambivalent signals. An alarm shall be initiated if these position indications are inconsistent or if the time required for operating mechanism to change position exceeds a predefined limit.
- The SAS shall also monitor the status of sub-station auxiliaries. The status and control of auxiliaries shall be done through dedicated one or more IED and all alarm and analogue values shall be monitored and recoded through this IED.

Measurements

Analogue inputs for voltage and current measurements shall be connected directly to the voltage transformers (VT) and the current transformers (CT) without intermediate transducers. The values of active power (W), reactive power (VAR), frequency (Hz), and the rms, Max / Min values for voltage (U) and current (I) shall be calculated.

In case of Circuit Breaker SF6 Gas Pressure, Operating Mechanism Pressure (i.e. Pneumatic, Spring), if SF6 CTs are Utilizing the Pressure of SF6 Gas, Transformer Oil/ Winding temperatures, Firefighting or any Other with Transformer management Relay and OLTC Tap Position can be interfaced with BCU through Transducers. Max / Min values for the above parameters shall be calculated. These parameters shall appear in Substation Automation System at Local HMI and can monitor regularly.

The measured values shall be displayed locally on the station HMI and in the control center. The abnormal values must be discarded. The analogue values shall be updated every 2 seconds.

Threshold limit values shall be selectable for alarm indications.

The SAS shall also poll data from the Meter Server to gateway for onward communication to RCC.

Event and alarm handling

Events and alarms are generated either by the switchgear, by the control IEDs, or by the station level unit. They shall be recorded in an event list in the station HMI. Alarms shall be recorded in a separate alarm list and appear on the screen. All, or a freely selectable group of events and alarms shall also be printed out on an event printer. The alarms and events shall be time-tagged with a time resolution of 1 ms. **The tentative list of event/ alarm for various feeders and systems are enclosed as Annexure-II and is not exhaustive, there may be addition during detail engineering or at the time of commissioning.**

15.10. Station HMI

Substation HMI Operation:

On the HMI the object has to be selected first. In case of a blocking or interlocking condition are not met; the selection shall not be possible and an appropriate alarm annunciation shall occur. If a selection is valid the position indication will show the possible direction, and the appropriate control execution button shall be pressed in order to close or open the corresponding object.

Control operation from other places (e.g. REMOTE) shall not be possible in this operating mode.

Presentation and dialogues

General

The operator station HMI shall be a redundant with hot standby and shall provide basic functions for supervision and control of the substation. The operator shall give commands to the switchgear on the screen via mouse clicks or keyboard commands.

The HMI shall give the operator access to alarms and events displayed on the screen. Aside from these lists on the screen, there shall be a printout of alarms or events in an event log.

An acoustic alarm shall indicate abnormalities, and all unacknowledged alarms shall be accessible from any screen selected by the operator.

The following standard pictures shall be available from the HMI:

- ✓ Single-line diagram showing the switchgear status, Pressure values (wherever required) and measured values (current, voltage, apparent power, freq & pf) including OLTC Tap Position, WTI, OTI & Analog set values.
- ✓ Control dialogues with interlocking and blocking details. This control dialogue shall tell the operator whether the device operation is permitted or blocked & Select before Execute.
- ✓ Measurement dialogues, Statistics & Trends
- ✓ Bay wise interlock status display and failure of any interlock within the bay by generating alarm and indication in Interlock diagram window.
- ✓ Alarm list, station / bay-oriented

- ✓ Event list, station / bay-oriented
- ✓ Substation Auxiliaries
- ✓ System status
- ✓ Printing of sequence of event list, hardcopy and reports. The reports shall be freely configurable using Crystal Report

List of signals to be configured in SAS is mentioned in Annexure-II of this chapter.

HMI design principles

Consistent design principles shall be adopted with the HMI concerning labels, colours, dialogues and fonts. Non-valid selections shall be dimmed out.

The object status shall be indicated using different status colours for:

- ✓ Selected object under command
- ✓ Selected on the screen
- ✓ Not updated, obsolete values, not in use or not sampled
- ✓ Alarm or faulty state
- ✓ Warning or blocked
- ✓ Update blocked or manually updated
- ✓ Control blocked
- ✓ Normal state

Process status displays and command procedures

The process status of the substation in terms of actual values of currents, voltages, frequency, active and reactive powers as well as the positions of circuit breakers, isolators and transformer tap-changers shall be displayed in the station single-line diagram.

In addition to above Transformer WTIs, OTI, SF6 gas Pressures of Circuit breakers , CTs and CB Operating mechanism Pressures shall also be displayed.

In order to ensure a high degree of security against undesired operation, a "select-before-execute" command procedure shall be provided. After the "selection" of a switch, the operator shall be able to recognize the selected device on the screen, and all other switchgear shall be blocked. As communication between control centre and device to be controlled is established, the operator shall be prompted to confirm the control action and only then final execute command shall be accepted. After the "execution" of the command the operated switching symbol shall flash until the switch has reached its new position.

The operator shall be in a position to execute a command only, if the switch is not blocked and if no interlocking condition is going to be violated. The interlocking statements shall be checked by the interlocking scheme implemented at bay and station level.

After command execution the operator shall receive a confirmation that the new switching position has been reached or an indication that the switching procedure was unsuccessful with the indication of the reason for non-functioning.

System Supervision and Display

The SAS system shall be comprehensively self-monitoring such that faults are immediately indicated to the operator, possibly before they develop into serious situations. Such faults are recorded as a faulty status in a system supervision display. This display shall cover the status of the entire substation including all switchgear, IEDs, communication infrastructure, protection couplers and remote communication links, and printers at the station level, etc.

Event List

The event list shall contain events that are important for the control and monitoring of the substation.

The event and associated time (with 1ms resolution) of its occurrence has to be displayed for each event.

The operator shall be able to call up the chronological event list on the monitor at any time for the whole substation or sections of it.

A printout of each display shall be possible on the hard copy printer/Dot matrix Printer / Line Printer of 132 Column.

The events shall be registered in a chronological event list in which the type of event and its time of occurrence are specified. It shall be possible to store all events in the computer for at least one month. The information shall be obtainable also from a printed event log.

The chronological event list shall contain:

- Position changes of circuit breakers, isolators and earthing devices
- Indication of protective relay operations
- Fault signals from the switchgear
- Indication when analogue measured values exceed upper and lower limits. Suitable provision shall be made in the system to define two level of alarm on either side of the value or which shall be user defined for each measurand.
- Loss of communication.
- Hourly time Stamping

Filters for selection of a certain type or group of events shall be available. The filters shall be designed to enable viewing of events grouped per:

- Date and time
- Bay
- Device
- Function e.g. trips, protection operations etc.
- Alarm class

Alarm List

Faults and errors occurring in the substation shall be listed in an alarm list and shall be immediately transmitted to the control centre. The alarm list shall substitute a conventional alarm tableau, and shall constitute an evaluation of all station alarms. It shall contain unacknowledged alarms and persisting faults. The date and time of occurrence shall be indicated.

The alarm list shall consist of a summary display of the present alarm situation. Each alarm shall be reported on one line that contains:

- The date and time of the alarm
- The name of the alarming object
- A descriptive text
- The acknowledgement state.

Whenever an alarm condition occurs, the alarm condition must be shown on the alarm list and must be displayed in a flashing state along with an audible alarm. After acknowledgement of the alarm, it should appear in a steady (i.e. not flashing) state and the audible alarm shall stop. The alarm should disappear only if the alarm condition has physically cleared and the operator has reset the alarm with a reset command. The state of the alarms shall be shown in the alarm list (Unacknowledged and persistent, Unacknowledged and cleared, Acknowledged and persistent).

Filters for selection of a certain type or group of alarms shall be available as for events.

Object picture

When selecting an object such as a circuit breaker or isolator in the single line diagram, the associated bay picture shall be presented first. In the selected object picture, all attributes like

- Type of blocking
- Authority

- Local / remote control
 - SLDC / SAS control
 - Errors
- etc. shall be displayed.

Control dialogues

The operator shall give commands to the system by means of mouse click located on the single-line diagram. It shall also be possible to use the keyboard for command activation. Data entry is performed with the keyboard. Dedicated control dialogues for controlling at least the following devices shall be available:

- Breaker and Disconnectors
- Transformer tap-changer

User-authority levels

It shall be possible to restrict activation of the process pictures of each object (bays, apparatus...) within a certain user authorization group. Each user shall then be given access rights to each group of objects, e.g.:

- Display only
- Normal operation (e.g. open/close of switchgear), Shift wise operator's pass word for 3 shift in a day.
- Restricted operation (e.g. by-passed interlocking)
- System administrator
- For maintenance and engineering purposes of the station HMI, the following authorization levels shall be available:
 - No engineering allowed
 - Engineering/configuration allowed
 - Entire system management allowed

The access rights shall be defined by passwords assigned during the login procedure. Only the system administrator shall be able to add/remove users and change access rights.

15.11. Reports

The reports shall provide time-related follow-ups of measured and calculated values. The data displayed shall comprise:

Trend reports:

- Day (mean, peak)
- Month (mean, peak)
- Semi-annual (mean, peak)
- Year (mean, peak)
- Historical reports of selected analogue Values:
 - Day (at 15 minutes interval)
 - Week
 - Month
 - Year

It shall be possible to select displayed values from the database in the process display on-line. Scrolling between e.g. days shall be possible. Unsure values shall be indicated. It shall be possible to select the time period for which the specific data are kept in the memory.

Following printouts shall be available from the printer and shall be printed on demand:

- i. Daily voltage and frequency curves depicting time on X-axis and the appropriate parameters on the Y-axis. The time duration of the curve is 24 hours.
- ii. Weekly trend curves for real and derived analogue values.
- iii. Printouts of the maximum and minimum values and frequency of occurrence and duration of maximum and minimum values for each analogue parameter for each circuit in 24 hr period.

- iv. Provision shall be made for logging information about breaker status like number of operation with date and time indications.
- v. Equipment operation details shift wise and during 24 hours.
- vi. Printout on adjustable time period as well as on demand for MW, MVAR, Current, Voltage on each feeder and transformer as well as Tap Positions, temperatures (WTIs, OTI) and status of pumps and fans for transformers.
- vii. Printout on adjustable time period as well as on demand system frequency and average frequency.
- viii. Reports in specified formats which shall be developed by the contractor.

Trend Display (historical data)

It shall be possible to illustrate all types of process data as trends – input and output data, binary and analogue data. The trends shall be displayed in graphical form as column or curve diagrams with a maximum of 10 trends per screen. Adjustable time span and scaling ranges must be provided.

It shall be possible to change the type of value logging (direct, mean, sum, or difference) on-line in the window. It shall also be possible to change the update intervals on-line in the picture as well as the selection of threshold values for alarming purposes.

Automatic Disturbance File Transfer

All recorded data from the IEDs with integrated disturbance recorder as well as dedicated disturbance recording systems shall be automatically uploaded (event triggered or once per day) to a dedicated computer and be stored on the hard disc.

Disturbance Analysis

The PC-based work station shall have necessary software to evaluate all the required information for proper fault analysis.

IED Parameter Setting

It shall be possible to access all protection and control IEDs for reading the parameters (settings) from the station HMI or from a dedicated monitoring computer. The setting of parameters or the activation of parameter sets shall only be allowed after entering a password.

Automatic Sequences

The available automatic sequences in the system should be listed and described, (e.g. sequences related to the bus transfer). It must be possible to initiate pre-defined automatic sequences by the operator and also define new automatic sequences.

15.12. GATEWAY

Communication Interface

The Substation Automation System shall have the capability to support simultaneous communications with SLDC,

The Substation Automation System shall have communication ports as follows:

- (a) Two Ports for RCC & State Load Dispatch Centre from each Gateway.
- (b) The redundant Gateway shall work as hot stand by.

The communication interface to the SAS shall allow scanning and control of defined points within the substation automation system. The substation automation system shall simultaneously respond to independent scans and commands from employer's control centers (SLDC).

SLDC Communication Interface

Employer will supply communication channels between the Substation Automation System and the SLDC. The communication channels provided by Employer will consist either of power line carrier or optical fiber.

Interface equipment:

The Contractor shall provide interface equipment for communicating between Substation Automation system and State Load Dispatch Centre (PLCC/ FO).

In case of PLCC communication any modem supplied shall not require manual equalization and shall include self-test features such as manual mark/space keying, analogue loop-back, and digital loop-back. The modems shall provide for convenient adjustment of output level and receive sensitivity. **The modem should be stand alone complete in all respects including power supply to interface the SAS with communication channel.** The configuration of tones and speed shall be programmable and maintained in non-volatile memory in the modem. All necessary hardware and software shall also be in the scope of bidder except the communication link along with communication equipment between substation control room and SLDC.

Communication Protocol

The communication protocol for gateway to control centre must be open protocol and shall support IEC 60870-5-101,104 and IEC 61850 for all levels of communication for sub-station automation such as Bay to station HMI, gateway to remote station etc.

15.13. SYSTEM HARDWARE

Redundant Station HMI, and Disturbance Recorder Work station).

The contractor shall provide redundant station HMI in hot standby mode. **The servers used in these work stations shall be of industrial grade.**

It shall be capable to perform all functions for entire substation including future requirements as indicated in the SLD. It shall use industrial grade components. Processor and RAM shall be selected in such a manner that during normal operation not more than 30% capacity of processing and memory are used. Supplier shall demonstrate these features. The RAM, Hard Disk and Bus should latest and with maximum Values.

The capacity of hard disk shall be selected such that the following requirement should occupy less than 50% of disk space:

- 1) Storage of all analogue data (at 15 Minutes interval) and digital data including alarm, event and trend data for thirty (30) days,
- 2) Storage of all necessary software,
- 3) 500GB space for EMPLOYER'S use.

Supplier shall demonstrate that the capacity of hard disk is sufficient to meet the above requirement.

HMI (Human Machine Interface)

The VDU shall show overview diagrams (Single Line Diagrams) and complete details of the switchgear with a colour display. All event and alarm annunciation shall be selectable in the form of lists. Operation shall be by a user-friendly function keyboard and a cursor positioning device. The user interface shall be based on WINDOWS concepts with graphics & facility for panning, scrolling, zooming, decluttering etc.

For 400kV,220kV, 132kV Substations 70mm VDU high resolution screen showing total SLD, alarm, bay wise real time data to be displayed as shown in the model SAS architecture.

Visual Display Units/TFT's (Thin Film Technology)

The contractor shall provide three display units, one for station HMI, one for redundant HMI and one for DR work station. These shall have high resolution and reflection protected picture screen. High stability of the picture geometry shall be ensured. The screen shall be at least 25" diagonally (3:4) in size or more and capable of colour graphic displays.

The display shall accommodate resolution of 1280 X 1024 pixels or more.

Printer

It shall be robust & suitable for operation with a minimum of 132 characters per line for Line Printer and Dot Matrix Printer. The printing operation shall be quiet with a noise level of less than 45 dB suitable for location in the control room. Printer shall accept and print all ASCII characters via master control computer unit interface.

The printer shall have in built testing facility. Failure of the printer shall be indicated in the Station HMI. The printer shall have an off line mode selector switch to enable safe maintenance. The maintenance should be simple with provisions for ease of change of print head, ribbon changing, paper insertion etc.

All printers mounted in the control room shall be provided with printer enclosure. The enclosure shall be designed to permit full enclosure of the printers at a convenient level. Plexiglas windows shall be used to provide visual inspection of the printers and ease of reading. The printer enclosures shall be designed to protect the printers from accidental external contact & each should be removable from hinges at the back and shall be provided with lock at the front.

All reports and graphics prints shall be printed on **laser printer**

One Dot Matrix Printer (DMP) shall be exclusively used for hourly log printing.

Line printer for Events and Alarms Printing

All printers shall be continuously online through directly or printer server.

Mass Storage Unit

The mass storage unit shall be built-in to the Station HMI. All operational measured values, and indications shall be stored in a mass-storage unit of CD-ROM & DVD-ROM with 5GB or more capacity i.e CD Writer & DVD Writer (Both). The unit should support at least Read (48X), Write (24X), and Re-Write (10X) operations, with Multi-Session capability. It should support ISO9660, Rockridge and Joliet File systems. It should support formatting and use under the operating system provided for Station HMI. The monthly back up of data shall be taken on disc. The facility of back up of data shall be inherent in the software.

All the data pertaining to Substation is to store in a system year/ month / day wise. The daily data is stored in a day file of Particular Month and Year automatically from 00.00Hrs to 24.00Hrs.

Auxiliary BCU

One BCU shall be put in Station level for monitoring Station Auxiliary Supply (AC & DC), Battery Chargers, Nitrogen Fire Fighting System, Fire alarm etc.

Furniture required for HMIs, Printers, and Operators etc. The make of furniture shall be of Godrej or better.

15.14. EXTENDIBILITY IN FUTURE

Offered substation automation system shall be suitable for extension in **future for all Future Bays as per Project Requirement**. During such requirement, all the drawings and configurations, alarm/event list etc. displayed shall be designed in such a manner that its extension shall be easily performed by the employer. During such event, normal operation of the existing substation shall be unaffected and system shall not require a shutdown. The contractor shall provide all necessary software tools along with source codes to perform addition of bays in future and complete integration with SAS by the user. These software tools shall be able to configure IED, add additional analogue variable, alarm list, event list, modify interlocking logics etc. for additional bays/equipment which shall be added in future..

15.15. SOFTWARE STRUCTURE

The software package shall be structured according to the SAS architecture and strictly divided in various levels. Necessary firewall shall be provided at suitable points in software to protect the system. An extension of the station shall be possible with lowest possible efforts. Maintenance, modification or an extension of components of any feeder shall not force a shut-down of the parts of the system which are not affected by the system adaptation.

15.16. Station Level Software

Human-Machine Interface (HMI)

The base HMI software package for the operator station shall include the main SAS functions and it shall be independent of project specific hardware version and operating system. It shall further include tools for picture editing, engineering and system configuration. The system shall be easy to use, to maintain, and to adapt according to specific user requirements. Systems shall contain a library with standard functions and applications.

15.17. Bay Level Software

System Software

The system software shall be structured in various levels. This software shall be placed in a non-volatile memory. The lowest level shall assure system performance and contain basic functions, which shall not be accessible by the application and maintenance engineer for modifications. The system shall support the generation of typical control macros and a process database for user specific data storage. In case of restoration of links after failure, the software along with hardware shall be capable of automatically synchronising with the remaining system without any manual interface. This shall be demonstrated by contractor during integrated system test.

Application software

In order to ensure robust quality and reliable software functions, the main part of the application software shall consist of standard software modules built as functional block elements. The functional blocks shall be documented and thoroughly tested. They form part of a library.

The application software within the control/protection devices shall be programmed in a functional block language.

Simulation

Simulation tools shall be provided with the system to emulate a missing equipment on UCA2/IEC61850.

The simulation tools shall be set up by the system configuration tool and be able to execute scenario defined by the user.

15.18. Network Management System

The contractor shall provide a network management system software for following management functions:

- a. Configuration Management
- b. Fault Management
- c. Performance Monitoring

This system shall be used for management of communication devices and other IEDs in the system. This NMS can be loaded in DR work-station and shall be easy to use, user friendly and menu based. The NMS shall monitor all the devices in the SAS and report if there is any fault in the monitored devices. The NMS shall

- (a) Maintain performance, resource usage, and error statistics for all managed links and devices and present this information via displays, periodic reports and on demand reports.
- (b) Maintain a graphical display of SAS connectivity and device status.
- (c) Issue alarms when error conditions occur
- (d) Provide facility to add and delete addresses and links

The bidder shall provide each software in two copies in CD to load into the system in case of any problem related with Hardware/Communication etc.

15.18(a) Cyber Security features

wherever applicable All Intelligent electronic equipment, Numerical relays, Bay control units, Bay protection units, Gateways, Transformer Tap controller/changer, etc. with IEC 61850 communication protocol shall be cyber security compliant as per latest “CEA (Cyber security in power sector) Guidelines” and shall also be compliant to latest revision of IEEE 1686, IEC 62351 (and Parts Thereof), IEC 62443 (and Parts Thereof) and NERC CIP (applicable part such as CIP 003, CIP-005, and CIP-007)

15.19. TESTS

The substation automation system offered by the bidder shall be subjected to following tests to establish compliance with IEC 61850 for EHV substation equipment and specified conditions:

Type Tests:

Control IEDs and Communication Equipment:

a. Power Input:

- i. Auxiliary Voltage
- ii. Current Circuits
- iii. Voltage Circuits
- iv. Indications

b. Accuracy Tests:

- i. Operational Measured Values
- ii. Currents
- iii. Voltages
- iv. Time resolution

c. Insulation Tests:

- i. Dielectric Tests
- ii. Impulse Voltage withstand Test

d. Influencing Quantities

- i. Limits of operation
- ii. Permissible ripples
- iii. Interruption of input voltage

e. Electromagnetic Compatibility Test:

- i. 1 MHZ. burst disturbance test
- ii. Electrostatic Discharge Test
- iii. Radiated Electromagnetic Field Disturbance Test
- iv. Electrical Fast transient Disturbance Test
- v. Conducted Disturbances Tests induced by Radio Frequency Field
- vi. Magnetic Field Test
- vii. Emission (Radio interference level) Test.
- viii. Conducted Interference Test

f. Function Tests:

- i. Indication
- ii. Commands
- iii. Measured value Acquisition
- iv. Display Indications

g. Environmental tests:

- i. Cold Temperature
- ii. Dry Heat
- iii. Wet heat

- iv. Humidity (Damp heat Cycle)
- v. Vibration
- vi. Bump
- vii. Shock

Factory Acceptance Tests:

The supplier shall submit a test specification for factory acceptance test (FAT) and commissioning tests of the station automation system for approval. For the individual bay level IED's applicable type test certificates shall be submitted.

The manufacturing phase of the SAS shall be concluded by the factory acceptance test (FAT). The purpose is to ensure that the Contractor has interpreted the specified requirements correctly and that the FAT includes checking to the degree required by the user. The general philosophy shall be to deliver a system to site only after it has been thoroughly tested and its specified performance has been verified, as far as site conditions can be simulated in a test lab. If the FAT comprises only a certain portion of the system for practical reason, it has to be assured that this test configuration contains at least one unit of each and every type of equipment incorporated in the delivered system.

If the complete system consists of parts from various suppliers or some parts are already installed on site, the FAT shall be limited to sub-system tests. In such a case, the complete system test shall be performed on site together with the site acceptance test (SAT).

Integrated Testing

The integrated system tests shall be performed as detailed in subsequent clauses as per following configuration:

- Redundant Station HMI, DR work station, two switches (i.e. for two diameter) along with all IEDs for the Dia and printers.

All other switches for complete sub-station shall be simulated as needed.

Hardware Integration Tests:

The hardware integration test shall be performed on the specified systems to be used for Factory tests when the hardware has been installed in the factory. The operation of each item shall be verified as an integral part of system. Applicable hardware diagnostics shall be used to verify that each hardware component is completely operational and assembled into a configuration capable of supporting software integration and factory testing of the system. The equipment expansion capability shall also be verified during the hardware integration tests.

Integrated System Tests:

Integrated system tests shall verify the stability of the hardware and the software. During the tests all functions shall run concurrently and all equipment shall operate a continuous 100 Hours period. The integrated system test shall ensure the SAS is free of improper interactions between software and hardware while the system is operating as a whole.

Site Acceptance Tests:

The site acceptance tests (SAT) shall completely verify all the features of SAS hardware and software. **The successful bidder shall submit the detailed SAT procedure and SAT procedure shall be read in conjunction with the specification.**

15.20. SYSTEM OPERATION

Substation Operation

NORMAL OPERATION

Operation of the system by the operator from the remote SLDC or at the substation shall take place via industry standard HMI (Human Machine interface) subsystem consisting of graphic

colour VDU, a standard keyboard and a cursor positioning device (mouse). The coloured screen shall be divided into 4 fields :

- i) Message field with display of present time and date
- ii) Display field for single line diagrams
- iii) Navigation bar with alarm/condition indication
- iv) Real time bus energization status with distinguishable colours i.e. for live & dead section of SLD.

For display of alarm annunciation, lists of events etc a separate HMI View node. shall be provided.

All operations shall be performed with mouse and/or a minimum number of function keys and cursor keys. The function keys shall have different meanings depending on the operation. The operator shall see the relevant meanings as function tests displayed in the command field (i.e. operator prompting). For control actions, the switchgear (i.e. circuit breaker etc.) requested shall be selectable on the display by means of the cursor keys. The switching element selected shall then appear on the background that shall be flashing in a different color. The operator prompting shall distinguish between:-

- Prompting of indications e.g. fault indications in the switchgear, and
- Prompting of operational sequences e.g. execution of switching operations

The summary information displayed in the message field shall give a rapid display of alarm/message of the system in which a fault has occurred and alarm annunciation lists in which the fault is described more fully.

Each operational sequence shall be divided into single operation steps which are initiated by means of the function keys/WINDOW command by mouse. Operator prompting shall be designed in such a manner that only the permissible keys are available in the command field related to the specific operation step. Only those switching elements shall be accessed for which control actions are possible. If the operation step is rejected by the system, the operator prompting shall be supported by additional comments in the message field. The operation status shall be reset to the corresponding preceding step in the operation sequence by pressing one of the function keys. All operations shall be verified. Incorrect operations shall be indicated by comments in the message field and must not be executed.

The offer shall include a comprehensive description of the system. The above operation shall also be possible via WINDOWS based system by mouse.

15.21. POWER SUPPLY

Power for the substation automation system shall be derived from substation 220/110V DC system.

Inverter of suitable capacity shall be provided for station HMI and its peripheral devices e.g. printer etc. In the event of Power failure, necessary safeguard software shall be built for proper shutdown and restart.

15.22. DOCUMENTATION

The following documents shall be submitted for employer's approval during detailed engineering:

- (a) System Architecture Drawing
 - (b) Hardware Specification
 - (c) Sizing Calculations of various components
 - (d) Response Time Calculation
 - (e) Functional Design Document
 - (f) Clear procedure describing how to add an IED/ bay in future covering all major suppliers
- The following documentation to be provided for the system in the course of the project shall be consistent, CAD supported, and of similar look / feel. All CAD drawings to be provide in "dxf" format and also acrobat format.

- List of Drawings
- Substation Automation System Architecture

- Block Diagram
- Guaranteed Technical parameters, Functional Design Specification and Guaranteed availability and reliability
- Calculation for power supply dimensioning
- I/O Signal lists
- Schematic diagrams
- List of Apparatus
- List of Labels
- Logic Diagram (hardware & software)
- Control Room Lay-out
- Test Specification for Factory Acceptance Test (FAT)
- Product Technical Manuals
- Application Manuals
- Assembly Drawing
- Operator's Manual
- Testing and Commissioning Manuals
- Complete documentation of implemented protocols between various elements
- Listing of software and loadable in CD ROM
- Other documents as may be required during detailed engineering

Two sets of hard copy and Four sets of CD ROM containing all the as built documents/drawings shall be provided.

15.23. TRAINING, SUPPORT SERVICES, MAINTENANCE AND SPARES

Training at Contractor's Premises

The contractor shall arrange on its own cost all hardware and software training platform required for successful training and understanding in India. The Contractor shall provide all necessary training material. Each trainee shall receive individual copies of all technical manuals and all other documents used for training. These materials shall be sent to Employer at least two months before the scheduled commencement of the particular training course. Class materials, including the documents sent before the training courses as well as class handouts, shall become the property of Employer. Employer reserves the right to copy such materials, but for in-house training and use only. Hands-on training shall utilize equipment identical to that being supplied to Employer.

The contractor shall provide training comprehensively covering following courses.

S. No.	Name of Course	Participants from Employer	Duration
1	Computer System Hardware	2 per sub-station	7 day
2	Computer System Software	6 per sub-station	7 day
3	Application Software	2 per sub-station	7 day

A. Computer Hardware Course: The course will contain configuration of system hardware, equipment maintenance and diagnostic procedure of each element of the SAS including modems, routers, processors, technique for system expansion, and maintenance of IEDs. It will be a hand-on training.

B. Computer System Software Course: The course will cover programming language, OS software, network software, database software, system configuration, development of logic circuits. This will also be a hands-on training

C. Application Software: It will also a hands-on training and the course will contain application software and data flow, associated maintenance and expansion training, preparation and integration of new software etc.

Training offered shall be free of cost to the Employer except the logistic.

On Site Training:

After successful commissioning of the entire SAS, the contractor will impart on-site training in following areas:

S. No.	Name of Course	Participants from Employer	Duration
1	Computer System Hardware	2 per sub-station	7 day
2	Computer System Software	6 per sub-station	7 day
3	Application Software	2 per sub-station	7 day

Hands on training logic development, system configuration for extension of addition of bay, IED fault finding, trouble shooting, data analysis, changing of equipment parameters/ input data, preventive maintenance of each equipment

The site training will be also of similar nature as outlined in the previous clause, except that here the training will be on actual commissioned system and all aspects shall be covered. The training shall be conducted at each substation separately, covered in the package.

The Contractor shall submit the training modules for approval of the Employer. The training durations mentioned above is tentative only. Actual duration of the training shall be as per approved training module.

15.24. MAINTENANCE**Maintenance Responsibility during Pre-Commissioning and Commissioning Activities**

During Pre-Commissioning and Commissioning activities, the Contractor shall take continual actions to ensure the guaranteed availability and shall make available all the necessary resources such as specialist personnel, spare parts, tools, test devices etc. for replacement or repair of all defective parts and shall have prime responsibility for keeping the system operational.

Maintenance Responsibility during Guarantee Period

During guarantee period as specified in tender document, contractor shall arrange bi-monthly visit of their representative to site to review the performance of system and in case any defect/shortcoming etc. is observed during the period, the same shall be set right by the contractor within 15 days free of any charge to the Employer.

15.25. RELIABILITY AND AVAILABILITY

The SAS shall be designed so that the failure of any single component, processor, or device shall not render the system unavailable. The SAS shall be designed to satisfy the very high demands for reliability and availability concerning:

- Mechanical and electrical design
- Security against electrical interference (EMI)
- High quality components and boards
- Modular, well-tested hardware
- Thoroughly developed and tested modular software
- Easy-to-understand programming language for application programming
- Detailed graphical documentation and application software
- Built-in supervision and diagnostic functions
- Security
- Experience of security requirements
- Process know-how
- Select before execute at operation
- Process status representation as double indications
- Distributed solution

- Independent units connected to the local area network
- Back-up functions
- Panel grounding immune against transient ground potential rise

Outage terms

1) Outage

The state in which substation automation system or a unit of SAS is unavailable for Normal Operation as defined in the clause above due to an event directly related to the SAS or unit of SAS. In the event, the Employer has taken any equipment/ system other than Sub-station Automation System for schedule/forced maintenance, the consequent outage to SAS shall not be considered as outage for the purpose of availability.

2) Actual outage duration (AOD)

The time elapsed in hours between the start and the end of an outage. The time shall be counted to the nearest 1/4th of an hour. Time less than 1/4th of an hour shall be counted as having duration of 1/4th of an hour.

3) Period Hours (PH)

The number of hours in the reporting period. In a full year the period hour are 8760h (8784h for a leap year).

4) Actual Outage hours (AOH)

The sum of actual outage duration within the reporting period $AOH = \sum AOD$

5) Availability

Each SAS shall have a total availability of 99.98 % i.e. the ratio of total time duration minus the actual outage duration to total time duration.

15.26. GUARANTEES REQUIRED

The availability for the complete SAS shall be guaranteed by the Contractor. Bidder shall include in their offer the detailed calculation for the availability. The contractor shall demonstrate their availability guaranteed by conducting the availability test on the total sub-station automation system as a whole during the pre-commissioning and commissioning periods. The test shall verify the reliability and integrity of all sub-systems. Under these conditions the test shall establish an overall availability of 99.98%. After the lapse of 700 Hours of cumulative test time, test records shall be examined to determine the conformance with availability criterion. In case of any outage during the availability test, the contractor shall rectify the problem and after rectification, the 700 Hours period start after such rectification. If test object has not been met the test shall continue until the specified availability is achieved.

The contractor has to establish the availability in a maximum period of three months from the date of commencement of the availability test.

After the satisfactory conclusion of test both contractor and employer shall mutually agree to the test results and if these results satisfy the availability criterion, the test is considered to be completed successfully. After that the system shall be taken over by the employer and then the guarantee period shall start along with the whole facilities.

15.27. SPARES

Consumables

All consumables such as paper, cartridges shall be supplied by the contractor till the SAS is taken over by the Employer.

Availability Spares:

In addition to mandatory spares as listed in below for SAS, the bidder is required to list the recommended spares along with unit prices, which may be required for ensuring the guaranteed availability of the system. During the entire guarantee period including the pre-commissioning and commissioning periods, the successful contractor will have to make available at site his recommended spares.

Based on the requirement of recommended spares during the entire guarantee period, the Employer will decide the final list of spares that the Employer will procure for safe running of the system after the guaranteed period. The contractor is bound to supply these spares promptly.

LIST OF MANDATORY SPARES

- (a) FO cables with terminations for each type and length between IEDs (One FO cable for each type/length).
- (b) Patch/Cu cable with terminations of each type and length between IEDs of Station level (One cable for each type/length)
- (c) Any interface/Protocol converter (One for each type).
- (d) BI/BO card for each type of IED (one no each).
- (e) Power card for each type of IED (one no each).
- (f) Transducers of each type (one no each)
- (g) Industrial grade computer. (one number)

15.28. Major Component of SAS

Following minimum equipment shall comprise the Substation Automation System.

- i) Station HMI & Redundant Station HMI (in Hot-stand by mode) of Latest Configuration and Latest OS Software with CD & DVD Multilayer Read, write, Rewrite with Possible all types of formats, Hard disk capacity of 1TB, Key Board, Optical Mouse, integrated VGA, Integrated LAN, 25" or More TFT Monitor (4:3 Screen).
- ii) Engineering Station & Disturbance Recorder Work Station (Maintenance HMI)
- iii) Gateways with PLCC/Fibre Optic Modem
- iv) Required Inverter/UPS for 3 hour back up
- v) List of Printers with / without Printer server
 - 1. Colour Laser Printer– 1 No. (Print, Scan, Fax & Xerox) (For Reports & Disturbance records),
 - 2. Line Printer - (For Alarms and Sequence of Event recorder)
 - 3. Dot matrix printer Multi sheet paper Model – For log sheets, regular parameters at 15 min duration).
- vi) All interface equipment for gateway to SLDC.
- vii) Communication infrastructure between Bay level units, Station HMI, Printers, gateways, redundant LAN etc. as required. (Armoured FO and Cu Cables) as required.
- viii) BCUs for Sub Station Auxiliaries.
- ix) Any other equipment as necessary.

For all the SAS equipment, the power supply unit shall have dual mode i.e. main & redundant card, in case of any one card fail, the IED/Component of SAS shall have to switch over to redundant card and to generate alarm for the outage of the card.

All the type of cables used for LAN (Bay level & Station level) shall be Armoured type.

15.29. Erection, Testing & Commissioning

- a) **The bidder shall depute their Engineer to the various sites for carrying out the testing and commissioning of C&R panel.**

15.30.GUARANTEES REQUIRED

The availability for the complete SAS shall be guaranteed by the Contractor.

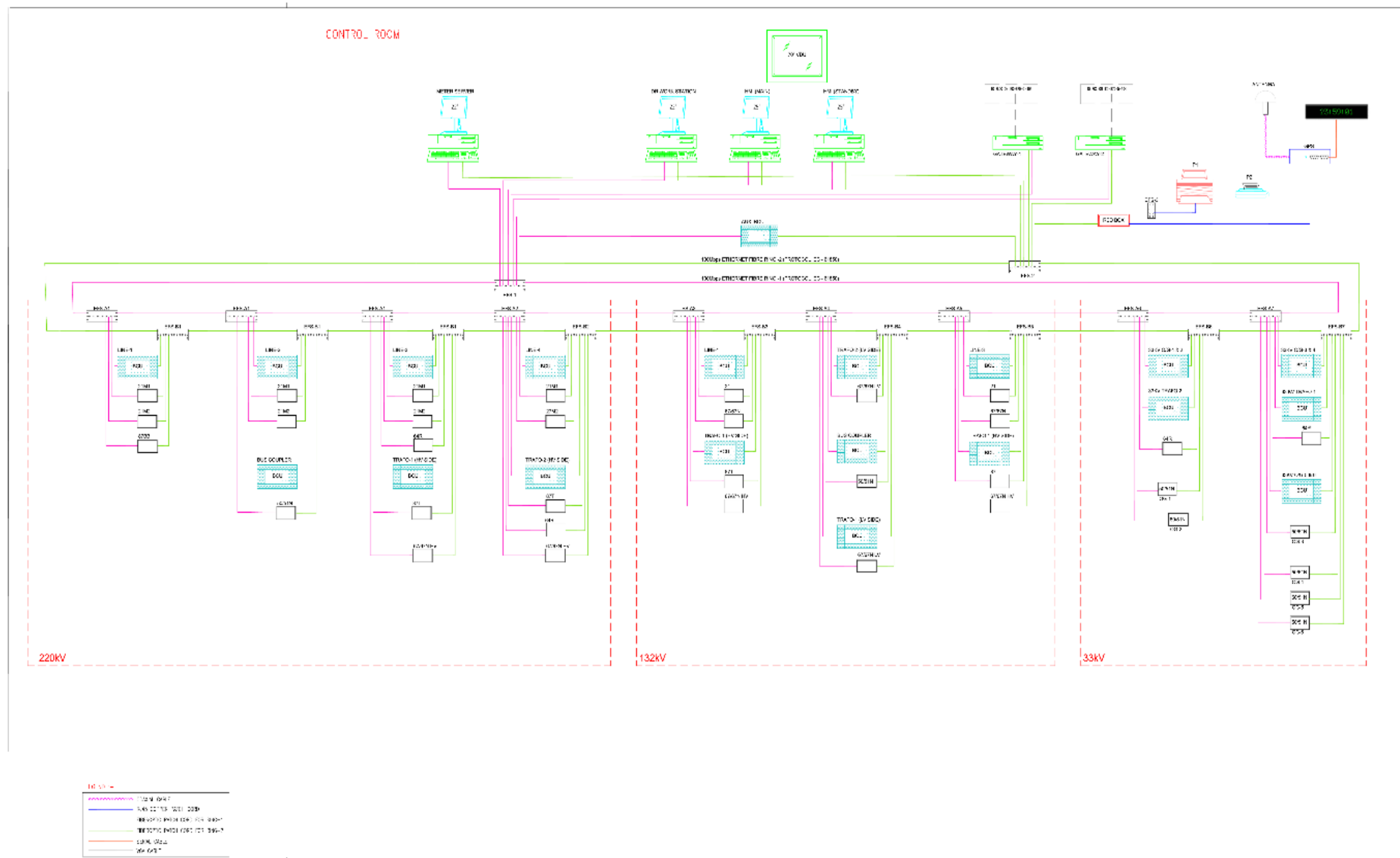
The Guarantee period will be stipulated for 1 year and beyond which Annual Maintenance Contract (AMC) will come into force.

Bidder shall include in their offer the detailed calculation for the availability. The contractor shall demonstrate their availability guaranteed by conducting the availability test on the total sub-station automation system as a whole during the pre-commissioning and commissioning periods. The test shall verify the reliability and integrity of all sub-systems. Under these conditions the test shall establish an overall availability of 99.98%. After the lapse of 700 Hours of cumulative test time, test records shall be examined to determine the conformance with availability criterion. In case of any outage during the availability test, the contractor shall rectify the problem and after rectification, the 700 Hours period start after such rectification. If test object has not been met the test shall continue until the specified availability is achieved.

The contractor has to establish the availability in a maximum period of three months from the date of commencement of the availability test.

After the satisfactory conclusion of test both contractor and employer shall mutually agree to the test results and if these results satisfy the availability criterion, the test is considered to be completed successfully. After that the system shall be taken over by the employer and then the guarantee period shall start along with the whole facilities.

AMC shall be started after warranty period is over. During AMC, Manufacturer Engineer shall have to visit half yearly or as and when defects are developed. For any defects developed, Engineers are to attend the defects within three (3) working days of reporting. **The entire cost incurred for attending the issues raised/the regular yearly, half yearly visits shall be covered under the AMC. Manufacturer has the responsibility to take care of replacement of all items if required to restore the system.** During AMC, if any element is added up, integration of same is the responsibility of Manufacturer without any cost involvement to Employer.



Notes:

- 1) The redundant managed bus shall be realized by high speed optical bus using industrial grade components and shall be as per IEC 61850.
- 2) The IEDs for control, protection & metering (ABT compliant electronic TVM) shall be installed in the swing type simplex C & R panels inside the control room, all connections shall be realized as per IEC 61850 protocol.
- 3) Required Inverter of Numeric make, 3 KVA capacity shall be provided by the bidder.
- 4) Necessary furniture for installation of complete equipment of SAS is also in the scope of supply. The successful bidder shall submit list of complete furniture including enclosure for printers.**
- 5) For gateway, it shall communicate with Remote Control Centre, State Load Despatch Centre (SLDC) and Back Up SLDC on IEC 60870-5-101 & 104 protocol and accordingly the number of Protocol Slave Licenses shall be provided.
- 6) The SLD displayed in the HMI shall be capable of distinguishing the Bus for different voltage level, bus live & dead status, bay equipment live & dead status and future extension indicating through different colours.
- 7) The printers shall be connected to station bus directly and can be managed from station HMI, as well as disturbance recorder work station.

The above Architecture is typical. The contractor is to consider the SLD of respective substation for detail BoQ, particularly for Ethernet Switches & BCUs.

ANNEXURE II**List of Analogue and Digital Inputs/ Outputs for SAS****1. Basic Monitoring requirements are:**

- o Switchgear status indication
- o Measurements (U, I, P, MVA Q, f, sequence components, pf, phase angle, THD & TDD, Synchrocheck information i.e. ΔF , ΔV , $\Delta \phi$; Active & Reactive energy)
- o Event
- o Alarm
- o Winding temperature of transformers/ reactors
- o Ambient temperature
- o Status and display of station auxiliary ac & dc supply
- o Status display of transformer fire protection system
- o Acquisition of all counters in PLCC panels
- o from PLCC or independently by counting the receive/send commands
- o Acquisition of alarm and fault record from protection relays
- o Disturbance records
- o Monitoring the state of batteries by displaying DC voltage, charging current and load current etc for both 220/110-volt station & communication 48-volt batteries
- o Tap-position of Transformer

2. List of Inputs: The list of input for typical bays is as below:-**1) Analogue inputs**

- For line R, Y, B phase line currents & R-N, Y-N, B-N phase voltages
- For transformers □□R, Y, B phase line currents for HV & LV
 - OTI & WTI
 - Tap position
- For bus coupler R, Y, B phase line currents
- Common
 - R-N, Y-N, B-N phase voltages for all buses
 - Frequency of all buses
 - Outside ambient temperature
 - LT ac voltages
 - 220/ 110-volt station battery voltage
 - 48-volt battery voltage

2) Digital inputs

- Line bays
 - Status of each pole of CB
 - Status of isolator, earth switch
 - CB trouble
 - CB operation / closing lock out
 - Pole discrepancy operated
 - Trip circuit faulty
 - LBB operated
 - Bus bar protection trip operated
 - Breaker auto reclosure operated
 - Tie/ transfer breaker auto reclosure operated

- AR lock out
- Trip transfer sent/ received
- Main I / II DPR operated
- Directional E/F operated
- Fuse failure alarm
- PSB alarm
- Broken Conductor alarm
- Under voltage alarm
- SOTF trip
- Carrier aided trip
- Main I/ II Zone 2/ Zone III trip
- Back up O/C or E/F operated
- PLCC protection channel I/ II failed
- PLCC speech failed
- BCU/ BPU failed

➤ Transformer bays

- Status of CB, isolator, earth switch
- CB trouble
- CB operation/ closing lock out
- Pole discrepancy operated
- Trip circuit I/ II faulty
- BCU/ BPU failed
- LBB operated
- Bus bar protection operated
- REF operated
- Differential operated
- Over flux alarm/ trip
- OTI/ WTI alarm/ trip
- Buchholz alarm/ trip
- OLTC OSR trip
- Low oil alarm
- PRD I/ II operated
- Back up O/C or E/F operated
- Zero sequence current
- Discrimination of PT fuse fail and circuit dead

➤ Bus bar Protection

- Bus bar main I/ II trip
- Bus bar zone I/II open
- Bus protection relay fail
- BCU/ BPU failed

Other Signal to be incorporated in DR/SAS:

Standard DR Signal

1. For transmission Line (One & half breaker scheme)

	<u>MAIN-1</u>	-
A	Configuration of ANALOG CHANNELS	
S.No.	Channel Description	Standardized Channel Name
1	R Phase Current	I-R PH.
2	Y Phase Current	I-Y PH.
3	B Phase Current	I-B PH.
4	Neutral Current	I-N PH.
5	R Phase Voltage	V-R PH.
6	Y Phase Voltage	V-Y PH.
7	B Phase Voltage	V-B PH.
8	Open Delta Voltage	V-N (Open Delta)

B	Configuration of Digital Channels for 32 channels				
S.No.	Channel Description	(Limited to 16 Characters)	7 characters	Triggers	COMMENTS
1	MAIN CB R-PHASE OPEN	MAIN_CB_R_OPEN	M CB_RO	Y	
2	MAIN CB Y-PHASE OPEN	MAIN_CB_Y_OPEN	M CB_YO	Y	
3	MAIN CB B-PHASE OPEN	MAIN_CB_B_OPEN	M CB_BO	Y	
4	TIE CB R-PHASE OPEN	TIE_CB_R_OPEN	T CB_RO	Y	
5	TIE CB Y-PHASE OPEN	TIE_CB_Y_OPEN	T CB_YO	Y	
6	TIE CB B-PHASE OPEN	TIE_CB_B_OPEN	T CB_BO	Y	
7	MAIN1 TRIP	MAIN1_TRIP	M1_TRIP	Y	
8	MAIN2 TRIP	MAIN2_TRIP	M2_TRIP	Y	MAIN-2
9	AUTO RECLOSE OPTD MAIN CB	MAIN_CB_A/R_OPTD	M CB_AR	Y	

B Configuration of Digital Channels for 32 channels					
S.No.	Channel Description	(Limited to 16 Characters)	7 characters	Triggers	COMMENTS
10	MAIN CB AR LOCKOUT	MAIN CB AR LO	MCB AR LO	N	
11	AUTO RECLOSE OPTD TIE CB	TIE_CB_A/R_OPTD	T CB_AR	Y	
12	TIE CB AR LOCKOUT	TIE CB A/R_LO	AR_L/O	N	
13	MAIN1/2 CARRIER RECEIVE	MAIN1/2_CARR_REC	M1/2_CR	N	MAIN-1/2
14	DT RECEIVE CHANNEL-1/2	DT_REC_CH1/2	DTRC1/2	Y	
15	3 PH. GROUP A/B OPERATED	3PH_GR_A/B_OPTD	GRA/B_OPD	Y	
16	OVER VOLTAGE STAGE-1 OPERATED	O/V_STG1_OPTD	O/V_ST1	Y	
17	OVER VOLTAGE STAGE-2 OPERATED	O/V_STG2_OPTD	O/V_ST2	Y	
18	POWER SWING BLOCK OPERATED	PS BLK OPTD	PSB_OP	N	
19	STUB/TEED OPERATED	STUB_OPTD	SB_OPD	Y	Where ever Applicable
20	BUSBAR OPERATED (M1/M2)	BUSBAR_OPTD	BB_OPD	Y	
21	MAIN/TIE LBB OPERATED	M/T_LBB_OPTD	M/T_LBB	Y	
22	MAIN 1 ZONE-1 OPTD.	MAIN1_Z1_OPTD	M1Z1_OP	Y	
23	MAIN 1 ZONE-2 START	MAIN1_Z2_START	M1Z2_ST	N	
24	MAIN 1 ZONE-2 OPTD.	MAIN1_Z2_OPTD	M1Z2_OP	Y	
25	MAIN 1 ZONE-3 START	MAIN1_Z3_START	M1Z3_ST	N	
26	MAIN 1 ZONE-3 OPTD.	MAIN1_Z3_OPTD	M1Z3_OP	Y	
27	MAIN 1 REVERSE ZONE OPTD	MAIN1_ZR_OPTD	M1ZR_OP	Y	
28	MAIN 1/2 SOTF OPTD	M1/2_SOTF_OPD	M12SOTF	Y	
29	MAIN 1/2 DEF OPTD	DEF_OPD	DEF_OPD	Y	MAIN-1/2
30	MAIN1/2 CARR. SEND	M1/2 CARR. SEND	M12CRSD	N	MAIN-1/2
31	DIRECT TRIP SEND	DIR_TR SEND	DT_SEND	Y	
32	CARRIER AIDED TRIP	CARR_AID_TRIP	CAR_AID	Y	

	MAIN-2	
A	Configuration of ANALOG CHANNELS	
S.No	Channel Description	Standardized Channel Name
1	R Phase Current	I-R PH.
2	Y Phase Current	I-Y PH.
3	B Phase Current	I-B PH.
4	Neutral Current	I-N PH.
5	R Phase Voltage	V-R PH.
6	Y Phase Voltage	V-Y PH.
7	B Phase Voltage	V-B PH.
8	Open Delta Voltage	V-N (Open Delta)

B	Configuration of Digital Channels for 32 channels				
S.No.	Channel Description	(Limited to 16 Characters)	7 characters	Triggers	COMMENTS
1	MAIN CB R-PHASE OPEN	MAIN_CB_R_OPEN	M CB_RO	Y	
2	MAIN CB Y-PHASE OPEN	MAIN_CB_Y_OPEN	M CB_YO	Y	
3	MAIN CB B-PHASE OPEN	MAIN_CB_B_OPEN	M CB_BO	Y	
4	TIE CB R-PHASE OPEN	TIE_CB_R_OPEN	T CB_RO	Y	
5	TIE CB Y-PHASE OPEN	TIE_CB_Y_OPEN	T CB_YO	Y	
6	TIE CB B-PHASE OPEN	TIE_CB_B_OPEN	T CB_BO	Y	
7	MAIN1 TRIP	MAIN1_TRIP	M1_TRIP	Y	MAIN-1
8	MAIN2 TRIP	MAIN2_TRIP	M2_TRIP	Y	
9	MAIN 2 ZONE-1 OPTD.	MAIN2_Z1_OPTD	M2Z1_OP	Y	
10	MAIN 2 ZONE-2 START	MAIN2_Z2_START	M2Z2_ST	N	
11	MAIN 2 ZONE-2 OPTD.	MAIN2_Z2_OPTD	M2Z2_OP	Y	
12	MAIN 2 ZONE-3 START	MAIN2_Z3_START	M2Z3_ST	N	
13	MAIN 2 ZONE-3 OPTD.	MAIN2_Z3_OPTD	M2Z3_OP	Y	
14	MAIN 2 REVERSE ZONE START	MAIN2_ZR_START	M2ZR_ST	N	

B	Configuration of Digital Channels for 32 channels				
S.No.	Channel Description	(Limited to 16 Characters)	7 characters	Triggers	COMMENTS
15	MAIN 2 REVERSE ZONE OPTD	MAIN2_ZR_OPTD	M2ZR_OP	Y	
16	POWER SWING DET.	PS_DETECTED	PS_DET	N	
17	POWER SWING BLOCK OPERATED	PS BLK OPTD	PSB_OP	N	
18	OVER VOLTAGE STAGE-1 OPERATED	O/V_STG1_OPTD	O/V_ST1	Y	
19	OVER VOLTAGE STAGE-2 OPERATED	O/V_STG2_OPTD	O/V_ST2	Y	
20	MAIN/TIE CB POLE DISCREPANCY	M/T_CB_POLE_DISC	M/T_PLDSC	N	
21	CARRIER AIDED TRIP	CAR_AID_TRP	CAR_TRP	Y	
22	MAIN-1 VT FUSE FAIL	VT_FUS_FAIL_M1	VT_FF_M1	N	MAIN-1
23	MAIN-2 VT FUSE FAIL	VT_FUS_FAIL_M2	VT_FF_M2	N	
24	MAIN-2 CARRIER RECEIVE	MAIN2_CARR_REC	M2_CR_RC	N	
25	OPTIONAL				
26	OPTIONAL				
27	OPTIONAL				
28	OPTIONAL				
29	OPTIONAL				
30	OPTIONAL				
31	OPTIONAL				
32	OPTIONAL				

	MAIN-1/2			
Configuration of Digital Channels for 16 channels				
S.No.	DIGITAL CHANNELS	(Limited to 16 Characters)	7 characters	Triggers
1	MAIN CB R-PHASE OPEN	MAIN_CB_R_OPEN	M CB_RO	Y
2	MAIN CB Y-PHASE OPEN	MAIN_CB_Y_OPEN	M CB_YO	Y

3	MAIN CB B-PHASE OPEN	MAIN_CB_B_OPEN	M CB_BO	Y
4	TIE CB R-PHASE OPEN	TIE_CB_R_OPEN	T CB_RO	Y
5	TIE CB Y-PHASE OPEN	TIE_CB_Y_OPEN	T CB_YO	Y
6	TIE CB B-PHASE OPEN	TIE_CB_B_OPEN	T CB_BO	Y
7	MAIN1 TRIP	MAIN1_TRIP	M1_TRIP	Y
8	MAIN2 TRIP	MAIN2_TRIP	M2_TRIP	Y
9	AUTO RECLOSE OPTD M/T CB	M/T_CB_A/R_OPTD	M/TCBAR	Y
10	MAIN1/2 CARRIER RECEIVE	MAIN1/2_CARR_REC	M1/2_CR	N
11	MAIN 1/2 DEF OPTD	DEF_OPD	DEF_OPD	Y
12	DT RECEIVE CHANNEL-1/2	DT_REC_CH-1/2	DTRC1/2	Y
13	OVER VOLTAGE STAGE-1/2 OPERATED	O/V_STG1/2_OPTD	OVST1/2	Y
14	STUB/TEED/SOTF OPERATED	ST_TEE_SOTF_OPTD	STF_OPD	Y
15	BUSBAR OPERATED (M1/M2)	BUSBAR_OPTD	BB_OPD	Y
16	MAIN/TIE CB LBB OPERATED	M/T_LBB_OPTD	M/T_LBB	Y

2. DR for Transmission Line (Double Bus cum Transfer)

Main 1

A	Configuration of ANALOG CHANNELS	
S.No.	Channel Description	Standardized Channel Name
1	R Phase Current	I-R PH.
2	Y Phase Current	I-Y PH.
3	B Phase Current	I-B PH.
4	Neutral Current	I-N PH
5	R Phase Voltage	V-R PH.
6	Y Phase Voltage	V-Y PH.
7	B Phase Voltage	V-B PH.
8	Open Delta Voltage	V-N-Open Delta

B Configuration of Digital Channels for 32 channels					
S.No.	Channel Description	(Limited to 16 Characters)	7 characters	Triggers	COMMENTS
1	MAIN CB R-PHASE OPEN	MAIN_CB_R_OPEN	M CB_RO	Y	
2	MAIN CB Y-PHASE OPEN	MAIN_CB_Y_OPEN	M CB_YO	Y	
3	MAIN CB B-PHASE OPEN	MAIN_CB_B_OPEN	M CB_BO	Y	
4	TBC CB R-PHASE OPEN	TBC_CB_R_OPEN	T CB_RO	Y	
5	TBC CB Y-PHASE OPEN	TBC_CB_Y_OPEN	T CB_YO	Y	
6	TBC CB B-PHASE OPEN	TBC_CB_B_OPEN	T CB_BO	Y	
7	MAIN1 TRIP	MAIN1_TRIP	M1_TRIP	Y	
8	MAIN2 TRIP	MAIN2_TRIP	M2_TRIP	Y	MAIN-2
9	AUTO RECLOSE OPTD MAIN CB	MAIN_CB_A/R_OPTD	M CB_AR	Y	
10	MAIN CB AR LOCKOUT	MAIN CB AR LO	MCB AR LO	N	
11	AUTO RECLOSE OPTD TBC CB	TBC_CB_A/R_OPTD	T CB_AR	Y	
12	TBC CB AR LOCKOUT	TBC_CB_A/R_LO	AR_L/O	N	
13	MAIN1/2 CARRIER RECEIVE	MAIN1/2_CARR_REC	M1/2_CR	N	MAIN-1/2
14	DT RECEIVE CHANNEL-1/2	DT_REC_CH1/2	DTRC1/2	Y	
15	3 PH. GROUP A/B OPERATED	3PH_GR_A/B_OPTD	GRA/B_OPD	Y	
16	OVER VOLTAGE STAGE-1 OPERATED	O/V_STG1_OPTD	O/V_ST1	Y	
17	OVER VOLTAGE STAGE-2 OPERATED	O/V_STG2_OPTD	O/V_ST2	Y	
18	POWER SWING BLOCK OPERATED	PS BLK OPTD	PSB_OP	N	
19	MAIN-1 VT FUSE FAIL	VT_FUS_FAIL_M1	VT_FF_M1	N	
20	BUSBAR OPERATED (M1/M2)	BUSBAR_OPTD	BB_OPD	Y	
21	MAIN/TBC LBB OPERATED	M/T_LBB_OPTD	M/T_LBB	Y	
22	MAIN 1 ZONE-1 OPTD.	MAIN1_Z1_OPTD	M1Z1_OP	Y	

23	MAIN 1 ZONE-2 START	MAIN1_Z2_START	M1Z2_ST	N	
24	MAIN 1 ZONE-2 OPTD.	MAIN1_Z2_OPTD	M1Z2_OP	Y	
25	MAIN 1 ZONE-3 START	MAIN1_Z3_START	M1Z3_ST	N	
26	MAIN 1 ZONE-3 OPTD.	MAIN1_Z3_OPTD	M1Z3_OP	Y	
27	MAIN 1 REVERSE ZONE OPTD	MAIN1_ZR_OPTD	M1ZR_OP	Y	
28	MAIN 1/2 SOTF OPTD	M1/2_SOTF_OPD	M12SOTF	Y	
29	MAIN 1/2 DEF OPTD	DEF_OPD	DEF_OPD	Y	MAIN-1/2
30	MAIN1/2 CARR. SEND	M1/2 CARR. SEND	M12CRSD	N	MAIN-1/2
31	DIRECT TRIP SEND	DIR_TR SEND	DT_SEND	Y	
32	CARRIER AIDED TRIP	CARR_AID_TRIP	CAR_AID	Y	

	MAIN-2	
A	Configuration of ANALOG CHANNELS	
S.No.	Channel Description	Standardized Channel Name
1	R Phase Current	I-R PH.
2	Y Phase Current	I-Y PH.
3	B Phase Current	I-B PH.
4	Neutral Current	I-N PH.
5	R Phase Voltage	V-R PH.
6	Y Phase Voltage	V-Y PH.
7	B Phase Voltage	V-B PH.
8	Open Delta Voltage	V-N (Open Delta)

B	Configuration of Digital Channels for 32 channels				
S.No.	Channel Description	(Limited to 16 Characters)	7 characters	Triggers	COMMENTS
1	MAIN CB R-PHASE OPEN	MAIN_CB_R_OPEN	M CB_RO	Y	
2	MAIN CB Y-PHASE OPEN	MAIN_CB_Y_OPEN	M CB_YO	Y	
3	MAIN CB B-PHASE OPEN	MAIN_CB_B_OPEN	M CB_BO	Y	
4	TBC CB R-PHASE OPEN	TBC_CB_R_OPEN	T CB_RO	Y	
5	TBC CB Y-PHASE OPEN	TBC_CB_Y_OPEN	T CB_YO	Y	

B	Configuration of Digital Channels for 32 channels				
S.No.	Channel Description	(Limited to 16 Characters)	7 characters	Triggers	COMMENTS
6	TBC CB B-PHASE OPEN	TIE_CB_B_OPEN	T CB_BO	Y	
7	MAIN1 TRIP	MAIN1_TRIP	M1_TRIP	Y	MAIN-1
8	MAIN2 TRIP	MAIN2_TRIP	M2_TRIP	Y	
9	MAIN 2 ZONE-1 OPTD.	MAIN2_Z1_OPTD	M2Z1_OP	Y	
10	MAIN 2 ZONE-2 START	MAIN2_Z2_START	M2Z2_ST	N	
11	MAIN 2 ZONE-2 OPTD.	MAIN2_Z2_OPTD	M2Z2_OP	Y	
12	MAIN 2 ZONE-3 START	MAIN2_Z3_START	M2Z3_ST	N	
13	MAIN 2 ZONE-3 OPTD.	MAIN2_Z3_OPTD	M2Z3_OP	Y	
14	MAIN 2 REVERSE ZONE START	MAIN2_ZR_START	M2ZR_ST	N	
15	MAIN 2 REVERSE ZONE OPTD	MAIN2_ZR_OPTD	M2ZR_OP	Y	
16	POWER SWING DET.	PS_DETECTED	PS_DET	N	
17	POWER SWING BLOCK OPERATED	PS BLK OPTD	PSB_OP	N	
18	OVER VOLTAGE STAGE-1 OPERATED	O/V_STG1_OPTD	O/V_ST1	Y	
19	OVER VOLTAGE STAGE-2 OPERATED	O/V_STG2_OPTD	O/V_ST2	Y	
20	MAIN/TBC CB POLE DISCREPANCY	M/T_CB_POLE_DISC	M/T_PLDSC	N	
21	CARRIER AIDED TRIP	CAR_AID_TRP	CAR_TRP	Y	
22	DIRECT TRIP SEND	DIR_TR SEND	DT_SEND	Y	
23	MAIN-2 VT FUSE FAIL	VT_FUS_FAIL_M2	VT_FF_M2	N	
24	MAIN-2 CARRIER RECEIVE	MAIN2_CARR_REC	M2_CR_RC	N	
25	OPTIONAL				
26	OPTIONAL				
27	OPTIONAL				
28	OPTIONAL				
29	OPTIONAL				

B	Configuration of Digital Channels for 32 channels				
S.No.	Channel Description	(Limited to 16 Characters)	7 characters	Triggers	COMMENTS
30	OPTIONAL				
31	OPTIONAL				
32	OPTIONAL				

Configuration of Digital Channels for 16 channels				
S.No.	DIGITAL CHANNELS	(Limited to 16 Characters)	7 characters	Triggers
1	MAIN CB R-PHASE OPEN	MAIN_CB_R_OPEN	M CB_RO	Y
2	MAIN CB Y-PHASE OPEN	MAIN_CB_Y_OPEN	M CB_YO	Y
3	MAIN CB B-PHASE OPEN	MAIN_CB_B_OPEN	M CB_BO	Y
4	TBC CB R-PHASE OPEN	TBC_CB_R_OPEN	T CB_RO	Y
5	TBC CB Y-PHASE OPEN	TBC_CB_Y_OPEN	T CB_YO	Y
6	TBC CB B-PHASE OPEN	TBC_CB_B_OPEN	T CB_BO	Y
7	MAIN1 TRIP	MAIN1_TRIP	M1_TRIP	Y
8	MAIN2 TRIP	MAIN2_TRIP	M2_TRIP	Y
9	AUTO RECLOSE OPTD M/T CB	M/T_CB_A/R_OPTD	M/TCBAR	Y
10	MAIN1/2 CARRIER RECEIVE	MAIN1/2_CARR_REC	M1/2_CR	N
11	MAIN 1/2 DEF OPTD	DEF_OPD	DEF_OPD	Y
12	DT RECEIVE CHANNEL-1/2	DT_REC_CH-1/2	DTRC1/2	Y
13	OVER VOLTAGE STAGE-1/2 OPERATED	O/V_STG1/2_OPTD	OVST1/2	Y
14	SOTF OPERATED	SOTF_OPTD	STF_OPD	Y
15	BUSBAR OPERATED (M1/M2)	BUSBAR_OPTD	BB_OPD	Y
16	MAIN/TBC CB LBB OPERATED	M/T_LBB_OPTD	M/T_LBB	Y

3. DR for Transformer (one and half breaker scheme)

A	Configuration of ANALOG CHANNELS		
S.No.	Channel Description	Standardized Channel Name	COMMENTS

1	HV R Phase Current	I-R PH. HV	
2	HV Y Phase Current	I-Y PH. HV	
3	HV B Phase Current	I-B PH. HV	
4	HV Neutral Current	I-N HV	
5	IV R Phase Current	I-R PH. IV	
6	IV Y Phase Current	I-Y PH. IV	
7	IV B Phase Current	I-B PH. IV	
9	IV Neutral Current	I-N IV	
10	R Phase DIFFERENTIAL Current (CALCULATED)	IR DIFF	
11	Y Phase DIFFERENTIAL Current (CALCULATED)	IY DIFF	
12	B Phase DIFFERENTIAL Current (CALCULATED)	IB DIFF	
13	LV R Phase Current	L-R PH. IV	OPTIONAL
14	LV Y Phase Current	L-Y PH. IV	OPTIONAL
15	LV B Phase Current	L-B PH. IV	OPTIONAL
16	LV Neutral Current	L-N IV	OPTIONAL
17	HV R Ph Voltage	V-R PH HV	OPTIONAL
18	HV Y Ph Voltage	V-Y PH HV	OPTIONAL
19	HV B Ph Voltage	V-B PH HV	OPTIONAL

B	Configuration of Digital Channels for 32 channels				
S.No.	Channel Description	(Limited to 16 Characters)	7 characters	Triggers	COMMENTS
1	MAIN CB OPEN (HV SIDE)	HV_M_CB_OPEN	HV_MCBO	Y	
2	TIE CB OPEN (HV SIDE)	HV_T_CB_OPEN	HV_TCBO	Y	
3	MAIN CB OPEN (IV SIDE)	IV_M_CB_OPEN	IV_MCBO	Y	
4	TIE/TBC CB OPEN (IV SIDE)	IV_T_CB_OPEN	IV_TCBO	Y	
5	DIFFERENTIAL PROTECTION OPERATED	DIFF_PROTN_OPTD	DIF_OPD	Y	
6	REF PROTECTION OPERATED	REF_PROTN_OPTD	REF_OPD	Y	
7	HV OC PROTECTION OPERATED	HV_B/U_PROTN_OPD	HVBUOPD	Y	

8	HV EF PROTN OPERATED	HV_EF_PROTN_OPD	HVEFOPD	Y	
9	HV OVER FLUXING OPERATED	HV_OVERFLUX_OPTD	HVOFOPD	Y	
10	IV OVER FLUXING OPERATED	IV_OVERFLUX_OPTD	IVOFOPD	Y	
11	PRV TRIP	PRV_TRIP	PRV_TRP	Y	
12	WTI TRIP	WTI_TRIP	WTI_TR	Y	HV/IV/LV
13	OSR TRIP	OSR_TRIP	OSR_TRP	Y	
14	OTI TRIP	OTI_TRIP	OTI_TRP	Y	
15	BUCHHOLZ TRIP	BUCHHOLZ_TRIP	BCZ_TRP	Y	
16	3 PH. GROUP A OPERATED	3PH_GR_A_OPTD	GRA_OPD	Y	
17	3 PH. GROUP B OPERATED	3PH_GR_B_OPTD	GRB_OPD	Y	
18	MAIN CB (HV SIDE) LBB OPTD.	HV_MAIN_LBB_OPTD	H_M_LBB	Y	
19	MAIN CB (IV SIDE) LBB OPTD.	IV_MAIN_LBB_OPTD	I_M_LBB	Y	
20	TIE CB (HV SIDE) LBB OPTD.	HV_TIE_LBB_OPTD	H_T_LBB	Y	
21	TIE/TBC CB (IV SIDE) LBB OPTD.	IV_T_LBB_OPTD	I_T_LBB	Y	
22	BUSBAR OPERATED	BUSBAR_OPTD	BB_OPD	Y	
23	DTOC OPTD	DTOC_OPTD	DTOCOPD	Y	IF APPLICABLE
24	OLTC OIL SURGE TRIP	OLTC_OIL SGTR	OL_SR_TR	Y	
25	HV VT FUSE FAIL ALARM	HVVT_FUS_FAIL	HVVT_FF	N	
26	WTI ALARM	WTI_ALARM	WTI_AL	N	HV/IV/LV
27	OTI ALARM	OTI_ALARM	OTI_AL	N	
28	OVER LOAD ALARM	OL_ALARM	OL_AL	N	
29					OPTIONAL
30					OPTIONAL
31					OPTIONAL
32					OPTIONAL

Configuration of Digital Channels for 16 channels

S.No.	DIGITAL CHANNELS	(Limited to 16 Characters)	7 characters	Triggers
1	MAIN CB OPEN (HV SIDE)	HV_M_CB_OPEN	HV_MCBO	Y

2	TIE CB OPEN (HV SIDE)	HV_T_CB_OPEN	HV_TCBO	Y
3	MAIN CB OPEN (IV SIDE)	IV_M_CB_OPEN	IV_MCBO	Y
4	TBC/TIE CB OPEN (IV SIDE)	IV_T_CB_OPEN	IV_TCBO	Y
5	DIFFERENTIAL PROTECTION OPERATED	DIFF_PROTN_OPTD	DIF_OPD	Y
6	REF PROTECTION OPERATED	REF_PROTN_OPTD	REF_OPD	Y
7	HV BACKUP PROTECTION OPERATED	HV_B/U_PROTN_OPD	HVBUOPD	Y
8	HV/IV OVER FLUXING OPERATED	HV/IV_O/F_OPD	O/F_OPD	Y
9	PRV TRIP	PRV_TRIP	PRV_TRP	Y
10	OTI/WTI TRIP	OTI/WTI_TRIP	OT/WT_T	Y
11	BUCHHOLZ/OSR TRIP	BUCH/OSR_TRIP	B_OSR_T	Y
12	MAIN/TIE CB (HV SIDE) LBB OPTD.	M/T_HV_LBB	HV_LBB	Y
13	MAIN/TBC CB (IV SIDE) LBB OPTD.	M/T_IV_LBB	IV_LBB	Y
14	BUSBAR OPERATED	BUSBAR_OPTD	BB_OPD	Y
15	DTOC OPTD	DTOC_OPTD	DTOCOPD	Y
16	3 PH. GROUP A/B OPERATED	3PH_GR_A/B_OPTD	GRA/B_OPD	Y

4. DR for Bus/Line Reactor for one and half breaker scheme

a. For back up Impedance Relay

A	Configuration of ANALOG CHANNELS		
S.No.	Channel Description	Standardized Channel Name	COMMENTS
1	R Phase Current	I-R PH.	
2	Y Phase Current	I-Y PH.	
3	B Phase Current	I-B PH.	
4	Neutral Current	I-N PH.	
5	R Phase Voltage	V-R PH.	
6	Y Phase Voltage	V-Y PH.	

7	B Phase Voltage	V-B PH.	
8	Neutral voltage	V-N PH.	

B	Configuration of Digital Channels for 32 channels			
S.No.	Channel Description	(Limited to 16 Characters)	7 characters	Triggers
1	MAIN CB OPEN	MAIN_CB_OPEN	M_CB_O	Y
2	TIE CB OPEN	TIE_CB_OPEN	T_CB_O	Y
3	DIFFERENTIAL PROTECTION OPERATED	DIFF_PROTN_OPTD	DIF_OPD	Y
4	REF PROTECTION OPERATED	REF_PROTN_OPTD	REF_OPD	Y
5	BACKUP IMPEDANCE PROTN OPERATED	BU_IMP_PROTN_OPD	BUIMPOP	Y
6	PRV TRIP	PRV_TRIP	PRV_TRP	Y
7	WTI TRIP	WTI_TRIP	WTI_TRP	Y
8	WTI ALARM	WTI_ALARM	WTI_AL	Y
9	OTI TRIP	OTI_TRIP	OTI_TRP	Y
10	OTI ALARM	OTI_ALARM	OTI_AL	Y
11	BUCHHHOLZ TRIP	BUCHHHOLZ_TRIP	BCZ_TRP	Y
12	BUCHHHOLZ ALARM	BUCHHHOLZ_ALARM	BCZ_AL	Y
13	MAIN LBB OPERATED	MAIN_LBB_OPD	MLBBOPD	Y
14	TIE LBB OPERATED	TIE_LBB_OPD	TLBBOPD	Y
15	BUS BAR OPERATED	BUSBAR_OPTD	BB_OPD	Y
16	3 PH. GROUP A OPERATED	3PH_GR_A_OPTD	GRA_OPD	Y
17	3 PH. GROUP B OPERATED	3PH_GR_B_OPTD	GRB_OPD	Y
18	NGR PROTECTION OPERATED	NGR_PROTN_OPTD	NGR_OPD	Y
19	TEED PROTECTION OPERATED	TEED_PROTN_OPTD	TEE_OPD	Y
20	VT FUSE FAIL ALARM	VT_FUS_FAIL	VT_FF	N

B	Configuration of Digital Channels for 16 channels			
S.No.	Channel Description	(Limited to 16 Characters)	7 characters	Triggers

1	MAIN CB OPEN	MAIN_CB_OPEN	M_CB_O	Y
2	TIE CB OPEN	TIE_CB_OPEN	T_CB_O	Y
3	DIFFERENTIAL PROTECTION OPERATED	DIFF_PROTN_OPTD	DIF_OPD	Y
4	REF PROTECTION OPERATED	REF_PROTN_OPTD	REF_OPD	Y
5	BACKUP IMPEDANCE PROTN OPERATED	BU_IMP_PROTN_OPD	BUIMPOP	Y
6	PRV TRIP	PRV_TRIP	PRV_TRP	Y
7	WTI TRIP	WTI_TRIP	WTI_TRP	Y
8	TEED PROTECTION OPERATED	TEED_PROTN_OPTD	TEE_OPD	Y
9	OTI TRIP	OTI_TRIP	OTI_TRP	Y
10	BUCHHHOLZ TRIP	BUCHHHOLZ_TRIP	BCZ_TRP	Y
11	MAIN LBB OPERATED	MAIN_LBB_OPD	MLBBOPD	Y
12	TIE LBB OPERATED	TIE_LBB_OPD	TLBBOPD	Y
13	BUS BAR OPERATED	BUSBAR_OPTD	BB_OPD	Y
14	3 PH. GROUP A OPERATED	3PH_GR_A_OPTD	GRA_OPD	Y
15	3 PH. GROUP B OPERATED	3PH_GR_B_OPTD	GRB_OPD	Y
16	NGR PROTECTION OPERATED	NGR_PROTN_OPTD	NGR_OPD	Y

b. For Main Differential Relay

A	Configuration of ANALOG CHANNELS	
S.No	Channel Description	Standardized Channel Name
1	R Phase Current	I-R PH.
2	Y Phase Current	I-Y PH.
3	B Phase Current	I-B PH.
4	Neutral Current	I-N PH.
5	R Phase Current NEUTRAL SIDE	I-RN PH.
6	Y Phase Current NEUTRAL SIDE	I-YN PH.
7	B Phase Current NEUTRAL SIDE	I-BN PH.
8	R Phase DIFFERENTIAL Current (CALCULATED)	IR DIFF

9	Y Phase DIFFERENTIAL Current (CALCULATED)	IY DIFF
10	B Phase DIFFERENTIAL Current (CALCULATED)	IB DIFF

B	Configuration of Digital Channels for 32 channels			
S.No.	Channel Description	(Limited to 16 Characters)	7 characters	Triggers
1	MAIN CB OPEN	MAIN_CB_OPEN	M_CB_O	Y
2	TIE CB OPEN	TIE_CB_OPEN	T_CB_O	Y
3	DIFFERENTIAL PROTECTION OPERATED	DIFF_PROTN_OPTD	DIF_OPD	Y
4	REF PROTECTION OPERATED	REF_PROTN_OPTD	REF_OPD	Y
5	BACKUP IMPEDANCE PROTN OPERATED	BU_IMP_PROTN_OPD	BUIMPOP	Y
6	PRV TRIP	PRV_TRIP	PRV_TRP	Y
7	WTI TRIP	WTI_TRIP	WTI_TRP	Y
8	WTI ALARM	WTI_ALARM	WTI_AL	Y
9	OTI TRIP	OTI_TRIP	OTI_TRP	Y
10	OTI ALARM	OTI_ALARM	OTI_AL	Y
11	BUCHHHOLZ TRIP	BUCHHHOLZ_TRIP	BCZ_TRP	Y
12	BUCHHHOLZ ALARM	BUCHHHOLZ_ALARM	BCZ_AL	Y
13	MAIN LBB OPERATED	MAIN_LBB_OPD	MLBBOPD	Y
14	TIE LBB OPERATED	TIE_LBB_OPD	TLBBOPD	Y
15	BUS BAR OPERATED	BUSBAR_OPTD	BB_OPD	Y
16	3 PH. GROUP A OPERATED	3PH_GR_A_OPTD	GRA_OPD	Y
17	3 PH. GROUP B OPERATED	3PH_GR_B_OPTD	GRB_OPD	Y
18	NGR PROTECTION OPERATED	NGR_PROTN_OPTD	NGR_OPD	Y
19	TEED PROTECTION OPERATED	TEED_PROTN_OPTD	TEE_OPD	Y

B	Configuration of Digital Channels for 16 channels			
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S.No.	Channel Description	(Limited to 16 Characters)	7 characters	Triggers
1	MAIN CB OPEN	MAIN_CB_OPEN	M_CB_O	Y
2	TIE CB OPEN	TIE_CB_OPEN	T_CB_O	Y
3	DIFFERENTIAL PROTECTION OPERATED	DIFF_PROTN_OPTD	DIF_OPD	Y
4	REF PROTECTION OPERATED	REF_PROTN_OPTD	REF_OPD	Y
5	BACKUP IMPEDANCE PROTN OPERATED	BU_IMP_PROTN_OPD	BUIMPOP	Y
6	PRV TRIP	PRV_TRIP	PRV_TRP	Y
7	WTI TRIP	WTI_TRIP	WTI_TRP	Y
8	TEED PROTECTION OPERATED	TEED_PROTN_OPTD	TEE_OPD	Y
9	OTI TRIP	OTI_TRIP	OTI_TRP	Y
10	BUCHHHOLZ TRIP	BUCHHHOLZ_TRIP	BCZ_TRP	Y
11	MAIN LBB OPERATED	MAIN_LBB_OPD	MLBBOPD	Y
12	TIE LBB OPERATED	TIE_LBB_OPD	TLBBOPD	Y
13	BUS BAR OPERATED	BUSBAR_OPTD	BB_OPD	Y
14	3 PH. GROUP A OPERATED	3PH_GR_A_OPTD	GRA_OPD	Y
15	3 PH. GROUP B OPERATED	3PH_GR_B_OPTD	GRB_OPD	Y
16	NGR PROTECTION OPERATED	NGR_PROTN_OPTD	NGR_OPD	Y

5. Standard list of Sequence of Events (SOE)

SCADA SIGNAL LIST FOR VARIOUS PROTECTION & CONTROL SIGNALS

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR DISTANCE RELAYS			
SL. NO.	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED
1	SPI	OVERVOLTAGE STAGE 1 START	
2	SPI	OVERVOLTAGE STAGE 1 GEN TRIP	Y
3	SPI	OVERVOLTAGE STAGE 2 GEN TRIP	Y

4	SPI	DEF START	
5	SPI	DEF GEN TRIP	Y
6	SPI	STUB PROTECTION OPERATED	Y
7	SPI	SOTF OPERATED	Y
8	SPI	START, Z1 R PH	
9	SPI	START, Z1 Y PH	
10	SPI	START, Z1 B PH	
11	SPI	START, Z2	
12	SPI	START, Z3	
13	SPI	START, Z4	
14	SPI	START, Z5	
15	SPI	TRIP, Z1 R PH	Y
16	SPI	TRIP, Z1 Y PH	Y
17	SPI	TRIP, Z1 B PH	Y
18	SPI	GENERAL TRIP, Z2	Y
19	SPI	GENERAL TRIP, Z3	Y
20	SPI	GENERAL TRIP, Z4	Y
21	SPI	GENERAL TRIP, Z5	Y
22	SPI	CARRIER SEND	Y
23	SPI	CARRIER RECEIVE	Y
24	SPI	CARRIER AIDED SCHEME OPERATED	Y
25	SPI	POWER SWING DETECTED	Y
26	SPI	POWER SWING BLOCKING	Y
27	SPI	DISTANCE RELAY GENERAL TRIP	Y
28	DINT	FAULT LOCATOR DISTANCE	
29	SPI	CVT FUSE FAIL	Y
30	System Diagnosis (SON)	TIME SYNCHRONIZATION ERROR	Y
31	System Diagnosis (SON)	M1 IED UNHEALTHY	Y

32	SPI	START AR	
33	SPI	LINE ISOLATOR OPEN FOR STUB ACTIVATION	
34	SPI	DT SEND CH 1	Y
35	SPI	DT SEND CH 1	Y
36	SPI	DT RECEIVE CH 1	Y
37	SPI	DT RECEIVE CH 2	Y
38	SPI	MAIN CB R PH OPEN	
39	SPI	MAIN CB Y PH OPEN	
40	SPI	MAIN CB B PH OPEN	
41	SPI	TIE CB R PH OPEN	
42	SPI	TIE CB Y PH OPEN	
43	SPI	TIE CB B PH OPEN	
44	SPI	TRIP RELAY 86 A HEALTHY (SUPERVISION)	
45	SPI	TRIP RELAY 86 B HEALTHY (SUPERVISION)	
46	SPI	GR A RELAY OPERATED	Y
47	SPI	GR B RELAY OPERATED	Y
48	SPI	CARRIER CHANNEL 1/2 OUT OF SERVICE	Y
49	SPI	CARRIER CHANNEL 1 FAIL	Y
50	SPI	CARRIER CHANNEL 2 FAIL	Y
51	SPI	MAIN 2/1 RELAY FAIL	Y
52	SPI	GOOSE RECEIPT FAIL/TROUBLE	Y
53		ANY ADDITIONAL SIGNAL AS PER SCHEME	

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR ICT DIFFERENTIAL RELAYS			
SL. NO.	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED
1	SPI	OVEREXCITATION HV START	
2	SPI	OVEREXCITATION HV ALARM	Y

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR ICT DIFFERENTIAL RELAYS			
SL. NO.	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED
3	SPI	OVEREXCITATION HV TRIP	Y
4	SPI	DIFFERENTIAL CURRENT ALARM	Y
5	SPI	DIFFERENTIAL PROTECTION TRIP	Y
6	INT	RESTRAINED MODE (RESTRAINED OR UNRESTRAINED)	
7	SPI	GENERAL TRIP	Y
8	System Diagnosis (SON)	TIME SYNCHRONIZATION ERROR	Y
9	System Diagnosis (SON)	DIFFERENTIAL IED UNHEALTHY	Y
10	SPI	DIFFERENTIAL RELAY GENERAL TRIP	Y
11	SPI	OTI ALARM	Y
12	SPI	WTI HV ALARM	Y
13	SPI	WTI IV ALARM	Y
14	SPI	WTI MV ALARM	Y
15	SPI	BUCCHOLZ TRIP	Y
16	SPI	OSR 1 TRIP	Y
17	SPI	PRD 1 TRIP	Y
18	SPI	FIRE PROTECTION OPERATED	Y
19	SPI	LOW OIL LEVEL	Y
20	SPI	OTI R PH ALARM	Y
21	SPI	OTI Y PH ALARM	Y
22	SPI	OTI B PH ALARM	Y
23	SPI	OTI SPARE ICT ALARM	Y
24	SPI	WTI HV R PH ALARM	Y
25	SPI	WTI HV Y PH ALARM	Y

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR ICT DIFFERENTIAL RELAYS			
SL. NO.	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED
26	SPI	WTI HV B PH ALARM	Y
27	SPI	WTI HV SPARE ICT ALARM	Y
28	SPI	WTI MV R PH ALARM	Y
29	SPI	WTI MV Y PH ALARM	Y
30	SPI	WTI MV B PH ALARM	Y
31	SPI	WTI MV SPARE ICT ALARM	Y
32	SPI	WTI IV R PH ALARM	Y
33	SPI	WTI IV Y PH ALARM	Y
34	SPI	WTI IV B PH ALARM	Y
35	SPI	WTI IV SPARE ICT ALARM	Y
36	SPI	BUCCHOLZ R PH TRIP	Y
37	SPI	BUCCHOLZ Y PH TRIP	Y
38	SPI	BUCCHOLZ B PH TRIP	Y
39	SPI	BUCCHOLZ SPARE ICT TRIP	Y
40	SPI	OSR 1 R PH TRIP	Y
41	SPI	OSR 1 Y PH TRIP	Y
42	SPI	OSR 1 B PH TRIP	Y
43	SPI	OSR 1 SPARE ICT TRIP	Y
44	SPI	PRD 1 R PH TRIP	Y
45	SPI	PRD 1 Y PH TRIP	Y
46	SPI	PRD 1 B PH TRIP	Y
47	SPI	LOW OIL LEVEL R PH	Y
48	SPI	LOW OIL LEVEL Y PH	Y
49	SPI	LOW OIL LEVEL B PH	Y
50	SPI	LOW OIL LEVEL SPARE ICT	Y
51	SPI	FIRE PROTECTION R PH OPERATED	Y
52	SPI	FIRE PROTECTION Y PH OPERATED	Y

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR ICT DIFFERENTIAL RELAYS			
SL. NO.	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED
53	SPI	FIRE PROTECTION B PH OPERATED	Y
54	SPI	FIRE PROTECTION SPARE ICT OPERATED	Y
55	SPI	MAIN CB R PH OPEN	
56	SPI	MAIN CB Y PH OPEN	
57	SPI	MAIN CB B PH OPEN	
58	SPI	TIE CB R PH OPEN	
59	SPI	TIE CB Y PH OPEN	
60	SPI	TIE CB B PH OPEN	
61	SPI	TRIP RELAY 86 A HEALTHY (SUPERVISION)	Y
62	SPI	TRIP RELAY 86 B HEALTHY (SUPERVISION)	Y
63	SPI	GR A RELAY OPERATED	Y
64	SPI	GR B RELAY OPERATED	Y
65	SPI	REF RELAY FAIL	Y
66	SPI	GOOSE RECEIPT FAIL/TROUBLE	Y
67	SPI	ANY ADDITIONAL SIGNAL AS PER SCHEME	

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR ICT REF RELAYS			
SL. NO.	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED
1	SPI	OVEREXCITATION MV START	
2	SPI	OVEREXCITATION MV ALARM	Y
3	SPI	OVEREXCITATION MV TRIP	Y
4	System Diagnosis (SON)	TIME SYNCHRONIZATION ERROR	Y

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR ICT REF RELAYS			
SL. NO.	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED
5	System Diagnosis (SON)	DIFFERENTIAL IED UNHEALTHY	Y
6	SPI	REF RELAY ALARM	Y
7	SPI	REF TRIP	Y
8	SPI	GENERAL TRIP	Y
9	SPI	REF TRIP	Y
10	SPI	OTI TRIP	Y
11	SPI	WTI HV TRIP	Y
12	SPI	WTI MV TRIP	Y
13	SPI	WTI LV TRIP	Y
14	SPI	OSR 2 TRIP	Y
15	SPI	PRD 2 TRIP	Y
16	SPI	BUCCHOLZ ALARM	Y
17	SPI	OTI R PH TRIP	Y
18	SPI	OTI Y PH TRIP	Y
19	SPI	OTI B PH TRIP	Y
20	SPI	OTI SPARE ICT TRIP	Y
21	SPI	WTI HV R PH TRIP	Y
22	SPI	WTI HV Y PH TRIP	Y
23	SPI	WTI HV B PH TRIP	Y
24	SPI	WTI HV SPARE ICT TRIP	Y
25	SPI	WTI MV R PH TRIP	Y
26	SPI	WTI MV Y PH TRIP	Y
27	SPI	WTI MV B PH TRIP	Y
28	SPI	WTI MV SPARE ICT TRIP	Y
29	SPI	WTI IV R PH TRIP	Y
30	SPI	WTI IV Y PH TRIP	Y
31	SPI	WTI IV B PH TRIP	Y

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR ICT REF RELAYS			
SL. NO.	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED
32	SPI	WTI IV SPARE ICT TRIP	Y
33	SPI	BUCCHOLZ R PH ALARM	Y
34	SPI	BUCCHOLZ Y PH ALARM	Y
35	SPI	BUCCHOLZ B PH ALARM	Y
36	SPI	BUCCHOLZ SPARE ICT ALARM	Y
37	SPI	OSR 2 R PH TRIP	Y
38	SPI	OSR 2 Y PH TRIP	Y
39	SPI	OSR 2 B PH TRIP	Y
40	SPI	OSR 2 SPARE ICT TRIP	Y
41	SPI	PRD 2 R PH TRIP	Y
42	SPI	PRD 2 Y PH TRIP	Y
43	SPI	PRD 2 B PH TRIP	Y
44	SPI	PRD 2 SPARE ICT TRIP	Y
45	SPI	GOOSE RECEIPT FAIL/TROUBLE	Y
46		ANY ADDITIONAL SIGNAL AS PER SCHEME	

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR DIRECTIONAL OVERCURRENT AND EARTH FAULT RELAYS			
SL. NO.	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED
1	SPI	DEF START	
2	SPI	DEF GEN TRIP	Y
3	SPI	DIRECTIONAL OVERCURRENT START	Y
4	SPI	DIRECTIONAL OVERCURRENT TRIP	Y
5	SPI	GENERAL TRIP	Y

6	System Diagnosis (SON)	TIME SYNCHRONIZATION ERROR	Y
7	System Diagnosis (SON)	M1 IED UNHEALTHY	Y
8	SPI	GOOSE RECEIPT FAIL/TROUBLE	Y
9		ANY ADDITIONAL SIGNAL AS PER SCHEME	

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR REACTOR DIFFERENTIAL RELAYS			
SL.NO.	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED
1	SPI	DIFFERENTIAL PROTECTION TRIP	Y
2	SPI	DIFFERENTIAL CURRENT ALARM	Y
3	SPI	TEE DIFFERENTIAL PROTECTION TRIP	Y
4	System Diagnosis (SON)	TIME SYNCHRONIZATION ERROR	Y
5	System Diagnosis (SON)	DIFFERENTIAL IED UNHEALTHY	Y
6	SPI	DIFFERENTIAL RELAY GENERAL TRIP	Y
7	SPI	OTI ALARM	Y
8	SPI	WTI ALARM	Y
9	SPI	BUCCHOLZ TRIP	Y
10	SPI	OSR TRIP	Y
11	SPI	PRD TRIP	Y
12	SPI	FIRE PROTECTION OPERATED	Y
13	SPI	LOW OIL LEVEL	Y
14	SPI	OTI R PH ALARM	Y
15	SPI	OTI Y PH ALARM	Y

16	SPI	OTI B PH ALARM	Y
17	SPI	OTI SPARE PH ALARM	Y
18	SPI	WTI R PH ALARM	Y
19	SPI	WTI Y PH ALARM	Y
20	SPI	WTI B PH ALARM	Y
21	SPI	WTI SPARE ICT ALARM	Y
22	SPI	BUCCHOLZ R PH TRIP	Y
23	SPI	BUCCHOLZ Y PH TRIP	Y
24	SPI	BUCCHOLZ B PH TRIP	Y
25	SPI	BUCCHOLZ SPARE PH TRIP	Y
26	SPI	OSR R PH TRIP	Y
27	SPI	OSR Y PH TRIP	Y
28	SPI	OSR B PH TRIP	Y
29	SPI	OSR SPARE ICT TRIP	Y
30	SPI	PRD R PH TRIP	Y
31	SPI	PRD Y PH TRIP	Y
32	SPI	PRD B PH TRIP	Y
33	SPI	LOW OIL LEVEL R PH	Y
34	SPI	LOW OIL LEVEL Y PH	Y
35	SPI	LOW OIL LEVEL B PH	Y
36	SPI	LOW OIL LEVEL SPARE ICT	Y
37	SPI	FIRE PROTECTION R PH OPERATED	Y
38	SPI	FIRE PROTECTION Y PH OPERATED	Y
39	SPI	FIRE PROTECTION B PH OPERATED	Y
40	SPI	FIRE PROTECTION SPARE ICT OPERATED	Y
41	SPI	MAIN CB R PH OPEN	Y
42	SPI	MAIN CB Y PH OPEN	Y
43	SPI	MAIN CB B PH OPEN	Y
44	SPI	TIE CB R PH OPEN	Y

45	SPI	TIE CB Y PH OPEN	Y
46	SPI	TIE CB B PH OPEN	Y
47	SPI	TRIP RELAY 86 A HEALTHY (SUPERVISION)	Y
48	SPI	TRIP RELAY 86 B HEALTHY (SUPERVISION)	Y
49	SPI	GR A RELAY OPERATED	Y
50	SPI	GR B RELAY OPERATED	Y
51	SPI	REF RELAY FAIL	Y
52	SPI	REACTOR CB R PH OPEN	APPLICABLE FOR SWITCHABLE REACTOR APPLICATION
53	SPI	REACTOR CB Y PH OPEN	
54	SPI	REACTOR CB B PH OPEN	
55	SPI	REACTOR CB SPARE PH OPEN	
56	SPI	GR A RELAY OPERATED	Y
57	SPI	GR B RELAY OPERATED	Y
58	SPI	GOOSE RECEIPT FAIL/TROUBLE	Y
59	SPI	ANY ADDITIONAL SIGNAL AS PER SCHEME	

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR REACTOR REF RELAYS			
SL. NO.	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED
1	System Diagnosis (SON)	TIME SYNCHRONIZATION ERROR	Y

2	System Diagnosis (SON)	DIFFERENTIAL IED UNHEALTHY	Y
3	SPI	REF RELAY ALARM	Y
4	SPI	REF TRIP	Y
5	SPI	GENERAL TRIP	Y
6	SPI	REF TRIP	Y
7	SPI	OTI TRIP	Y
8	SPI	WTI TRIP	Y
9	SPI	BUCCHOLZ ALARM	Y
10	SPI	OTI R PH TRIP	Y
11	SPI	OTI Y PH TRIP	Y
12	SPI	OTI B PH TRIP	Y
13	SPI	OTI SPARE ICT TRIP	Y
14	SPI	WTI R PH TRIP	Y
15	SPI	WTI Y PH TRIP	Y
16	SPI	WTI B PH TRIP	Y
17	SPI	WTI SPARE PH TRIP	Y
18	SPI	BUCCHOLZ R PH ALARM	Y
19	SPI	BUCCHOLZ Y PH ALARM	Y
20	SPI	BUCCHOLZ B PH ALARM	Y
21	SPI	BUCCHOLZ SPARE PH ALARM	Y
22	SPI	GOOSE RECEIPT FAIL/TROUBLE	Y
23		ANY ADDITIONAL SIGNAL AS PER SCHEME	

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR REACTOR BACKUP IMPEDANCE PROTECTION RELAY			
SL. NO.	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED
1	SPI	START Z1	
2	SPI	Z1 TRIP	Y

3	SPI	GENERAL TRIP	Y
4	DINT	FAULT LOCATOR DISTANCE	
5	SPI	CVT FUSE FAIL	Y
6	System Diagnosis (SON)	TIME SYNCHRONIZATION ERROR	Y
7	System Diagnosis (SON)	M1 IED UNHEALTHY	Y
22	SPI	GOOSE RECEIPT FAIL/TROUBLE	Y
8		ANY ADDITIONAL SIGNAL AS PER SCHEME	

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR BUS BAR PROTECTION RELAYS			
SL.NO.	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED
1	SPI	BUS ZONE 1 TRIP	Y
2	SPI	BUS ZONE 2 TRIP	Y
3	SPI	BUS BAR BLOCKED EXTERNAL	Y
4	SPI	BUS BAR BLOCKED DUE TO COMMUNICATIONN ERROR	Y
5	SPI	BUS BAR BLOCKED DUE TO INTERMEDIATE STATUS	Y
6		CT CIRCUIT ERROR	Y

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR BREAKER FAILURE PROTECTION RELAY PROTECTION RELAY			
SL. NO.	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED
1	SPI	BREAKER FAILURE PROTECTION START	Y
2	SPI	BREAKER FAILURE TRIP	Y
3	SPI	BREAKER FAILURE RETRIP	Y

4	System Diagnosis (SON)	TIME SYNCHRONIZATION ERROR	Y
5	System Diagnosis (SON)	M1 IED UNHEALTHY	Y
6	SPI	GOOSE RECEIPT FAIL/TROUBLE	Y
7			
8		ANY ADDITIONAL SIGNAL AS PER SCHEME	

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR BAY CONTROL UNIT				
SL.NO	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED	ADDITIONAL REMARKS
1	INT	BCU IN LOCAL/ REMOTE		
2	SPI	CLOSE COMMAND FROM BCU FOR AUTORECLOSE		
3	SPI	BLOCK AUTORECLOSE FUNCTION	Y	

4	INT	STATUS 1 AUTORECLOSE FUNCTION READY		
		STATUS 2 AUTORECLOSE IN PROGRESS	Y	
		STATUS 3 AUTORECLOSE SUCCESSFUL	Y	
		STATUS 10 AUTORECLOSE UNSUCCESSFUL	Y	Available in Edition 2 IEDs, not in Edition 1 IEDs
5	CMD	BAY_CB_COMMAND		
6	SPI	BAY_CB_OPEN PERMITTED OR ENABLED		

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR BAY CONTROL UNIT				
SL.NO	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED	ADDITIONAL REMARKS
7	SPI	BAY_CB_CLOSE PERMITTED OR ENABLED		
8	DPI	BAY_CB R PH POSITION		
9	DPI	BAY_CB Y PH POSITION		
10	DPI	BAY_CB B PH POSITION		
11	DPI	BAY_89A_ISOLATOR POSITION		
12	CMD	BAY_89A_ISO COMMAND		
13	SPI	BAY_89A_ISO OPEN PERMITTED OR ENABLED		
14	SPI	BAY_89A_CLOSE PERMITTED OR ENABLED		
15	DPI	BAY_89AE_ISOLATOR POSITION		IF BUS EARTH SWITCH IS IN THE BAY FOR WHICH THE ASSIGNMENT IS BEING DONE, CSWI3 SHALL BE USED FOR 89 AE 1, i.e. BUS EARTH SWITCH. FOR BAY SIDE EARTH SWITCH (89AE2) SEPARATE LOGICAL NODE CSWI 10 IS PROVIDED BELOW
16	CMD	BAY_89AE_ISO COMMAND		
17	SPI	BAY_89AE_ISO OPEN PERMITTED OR ENABLED		
18	SPI	BAY_89AE_CLOSE PERMITTED OR ENABLED		
19	DPI	BAY_89 B_ISOLATOR POSITION		
20	CMD	BAY_89 B_ISO COMMAND		
21	SPI	BAY_89 B_ISO OPEN PERMITTED OR ENABLED		
22	SPI	BAY_89 B_CLOSE PERMITTED OR ENABLED		

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR BAY CONTROL UNIT				
SL.NO	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED	ADDITIONAL REMARKS
23	DPI	BAY_89 BE_ISOLATOR POSITION		
24	CMD	BAY_89 BE_ISO COMMAND		
25	SPI	BAY_89 BE_ISO OPEN PERMITTED OR ENABLED		
26	SPI	BAY_89 BE_CLOSE PERMITTED OR ENABLED		
27	DPI	BAY_89 C/L/T_ISOLATOR POSITION		FOR 3 PHASE TRANSFORMER S CSW17 MAY BE USED FOR 89 T BUT FOR SINGLE PHASE TRANSFORMER S SAME HAS BEEN SEPARATELY MENTIONED
28	CMD	BAY_89 C/L/T_ISO COMMAND		
29	SPI	BAY_89 C/L/T_ISO OPEN PERMITTED OR ENABLED		
30	SPI	BAY_89 C/L/T_CLOSE PERMITTED OR ENABLED		
31	DPI	BAY_89 CE/LE/TE_ISOLATOR POSITION		FOR 3 PHASE TRANSFORMER S CSW17 MAY BE USED FOR 89 TE BUT FOR SINGLE PHASE TRANSFORMER S SAME HAS BEEN SEPARATELY MENTIONED
32	CMD	BAY_89 CE/LE/TE_ISO COMMAND		
33	SPI	BAY_89 CE/LE/TE_ISO OPEN PERMITTED OR ENABLED		
34	SPI	BAY_89 CE/LE/TE_CLOSE PERMITTED OR ENABLED		
35	DPI	BAY_89 R_ISOLATOR POSITION		
36	CMD	BAY_89 R_ISO COMMAND		
37	SPI	BAY_89 R_ISO OPEN PERMITTED OR ENABLED		
38	SPI	BAY_89 R_CLOSE PERMITTED OR ENABLED		
39	DPI	BAY_89 RE_ISOLATOR POSITION		

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR BAY CONTROL UNIT				
SL.NO	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED	ADDITIONAL REMARKS
40	CMD	BAY_89 RE_ISO COMMAND		
41	SPI	BAY_89 RE_ISO OPEN PERMITTED OR ENABLED		
42	SPI	BAY_89 RE_CLOSE PERMITTED OR ENABLED		
43	DPI	BAY_89AE 2_ISOLATOR POSITION		USED FOR SECOND EARTH SWITCH OF ISOLATOR, WHEN BUS EARTH SWITCH IS PROVIDED
44	CMD	BAY_89AE 2_ISO COMMAND		
45	SPI	BAY_89AE 2_ISO OPEN PERMITTED OR ENABLED		
46	SPI	BAY_89AE 2_CLOSE PERMITTED OR ENABLED		
THE LOGICAL NODES FOR ISOLATOR & EARTHSWITCHES FOR 3 PH ICTs & REACTORS , e.g 89 RR,RR1,RR2 & RE and for 89TR,TR1,TR2,TRE MAY BE ASSIGNED AS PER AVAILABILITY				
47	System Diagnosis (SON)	TIME SYNCHRONIZATION ERROR	Y	
48	System Diagnosis (SON)	BCU UNHEALTHY	Y	
49	SPI	CONDITIONS OK FOR SYNCHRONIZATION		
50	SPI	SPRING DISCHARGED	Y	ANNUNCIATION FOR CIRCUIT BREAKER
51	SPI	AC MOTOR SUPPLY FAIL	Y	
52	SPI	SF6 GAS LOW	Y	
53	SPI	OPERATION LOCKED OUT	Y	
54	SPI	CB READY FOR AUTORECLOSURE	Y	
55	SPI	DC SUPPLY FAIL	Y	
56	SPI	TC-1 FAIL	Y	

REQUIRED SIGNALS FOR BAY CONTROL UNIT				
SL.NO	TYPE	EVENT/ALARM NAME	WHETHER ALARM TO BE GENERATED	ADDITIONAL REMARKS
57	SPI	TC-2 FAIL	Y	
58	SPI	POLE DISCREPANCY RELAY OPTD	Y	
59	SPI	COMPRESSOR SUPPLY FAIL	Y	
60	SPI	AIR PRESSURE LOW	Y	
61	SPI	COMPRESSOR RUN TIME SUPERVISION	Y	
62	SPI	CSD FAIL	Y	
63	SPI	GAS COMPARTMENT n Alarm Stage n	Y	ANNUNCIATION FOR GIS BAYS
64	SPI	LCC PANEL AC SUPPLY FAIL	Y	
65	SPI	LCC PANEL DC SUPPLY FAIL	Y	
66	SPI	SELECTOR SWITCH POSITION LOCAL/REMOTE	Y	
67	SPI	BUS VT MCB TRIP	Y	FOR BCUs HAVING BUS VT INPUT
6	SPI	GOOSE RECEIPT FAIL/TROUBLE	Y	
68	SPI	ADDL SIGNALS FOR CB TROUBLE ETC AS PER SCHEME		

6. List of Signal for Station Auxiliaries Panel (SAS)

110V DC

1. Voltage of 110V DCDB-1
2. Voltage of 110V DCDB-2
3. Current from 110V Battery Set -1
4. Current from 110V Battery Set -2
5. Current from 110V Battery Charger -1
6. Current from 110V Battery charger 2
7. Battery 1 Output Voltage
8. Battery 2 Output Voltage
9. Charger Trouble 1
10. Charger Trouble 2
11. Charger 1 on Boost
12. Charger 1 on Float

13.Charger 1 Failure (Float)	
14.Charger 1 Failure (FCBC)	
15.Charger 2 on Boost	
16.Charger 2 on Float	
17.Charger 2 Failure (Float)	
18.Charger 2 Failure (FCBC)	
19.Charger 1 Float Current	
20.Charger 1 Boost Current	
21.Charger 2 Float Current	
22.Charger 2 Boost Current	
23.Input MCCB Incomer-1 ON (DCDB)	
24.Input MCCB Incomer-2 ON (DCDB)	
25.DCDB Bus coupler MCCB OFF	
26.DC Earth Fault Relay Operated Sec-I	
27.DC Earth Fault Relay Operated Sec-II	
both	
28.415 V AC Supply MCCB-1 Trip	
2,	
29. 415 V AC Supply MCCB-2 Trip	
30.Over Temperature Indication	
31.DC Overvoltage and Undervoltage relay operated	
32.AC Supply Trouble (Charger)	

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Separate Signal for

Charger 1, Charger

DCDB 1 and DCDB 2

48 V DC

1. Voltage of 48 V DCDB 1
2. Voltage of 48 V DCDB 2
3. Current from 48 V Battery set 1
4. Current from Battery Set 2
5. Current from 48 V Charger 1
6. Current from 48 V Charger 2
7. Battery 1 Output Voltage
8. Battery 2 Output Volatge
9. Charger Trouble 1
- 10.Charger Trouble 2
- 11.Charger 1 on Boost
- 12.Charger 1 on Float
- 13.Charger 1 Failure (Float)
- 14.Charger 1 Failure (FCBC)
- 15.Charger 2 on Boost
- 16.Charger 2 on Float
- 17.Charger 2 Failure (Float)
- 18.Charger 2 Failure (FCBC)
- 19.Charger 1 Float Current
- 20.Charger 1 Boost Current
- 21.Charger 2 Float Current
- 22.Charger 2 Boost Current
- 23.Input MCCB Incomer-1 ON (DCDB)
- 24.Input MCCB Incomer-2 ON (DCDB)
- 25.DCDB Bus coupler MCCB OFF
- 26.DC Earth Fault Relay Operated Sec-I
- 27.DC Earth Fault Relay Operated Sec-II
- 28.415 V AC Supply MCCB-1 Trip

- 29. 415 V AC Supply MCCB-2 Trip
- 30. Over Temperature Indication
- 31. DC Overvoltage and Undervoltage relay operated
- 32. AC Supply Trouble (Charger)

DG Set

- 1. DG Set Breaker ON
- 2. DG Set Breaker OFF
- 3. Low Lube Oil Pressure
- 4. High Water Temperature
- 5. Engine Over Speed
- 6. Low Fuel in Service Tank
- 7. Over load Trip
- 8. Voltage RY, YB and BR
- 9. Current from DG set R, Y and B

Fire Fighting

- 1. Zone 1 Fire
- 2. Zone 2 Fire
- 3. Zone 3 Fire
- 4. Zone 4 Fire
- 5. Zone 5 Fire

Other Signal

- 1. PLCC Exchange Fail
- 2. Time Synch. Signal Fail
- 3. GPS Signal Fail
- 4. Current from Station transformer
- 5. Voltage from Station Transformer
- 6. Isolator Status of Station Transformer
- 7. Ambient Temperature .